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. XX. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 29, 1888. NO

DENTS.—No communication pub
ccompanied by the real name

should write upon but one side
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ORIAL BRIEFS.

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as she did two years age.

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These were enough, how-
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l, the friend of the saloon,
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THE New York *Tribune* on the Southern situation says: The South is still an anachoronism. Elections there do not yet faithfully represent the will of the whole people. A few hot-heads mainly from that section have been scheming to defeat the choice of the people in the election of Congressman. Southern Democracy does not yet come up to the standard of genuine Americanism. But for the South also a better day is dawning, and it may be hoped that an honest election and a loyal acceptance of the result are not far distant for the people of that section. The election of General Harrison there is reason to hope may mark an end of the attempt of Southern politicians to rule a great Nation by a section solidity attained through methods at war with the Constitution and the laws. For the present let the South stand aside not yet quite worthy of American freedom. Think for the moment how grand is the spectacle presented in other States where probably not far from nine millions of freemen have deposited their ballots in peace and perfect freedom, and where the declared results are instantly accepted by two great and nearly equal parties.

THERE is an opinion abroad that the colored people of the South have made little progress since their emancipation twenty-five years ago. That this is a mistaken idea. There are to-day 16,000 colored teachers at work among their own people, and they give instruction during the year to 1,000,000 pupils. In the colored high schools there are 17,000 pupils. They have six normal schools, a score of colleges and universities and a dozen theological seminaries

Mrs. Harrison's Family.

The father of Mrs. Harrison, the wife of the President-elect, the Rev. John Witherspoon Scott, D. D., lives in Twelfth street, Washington, D, C., a well preserved man of 70. He is a clerk in the Pension Bureau. He is tall, slender, scarcely at all bowed with years and looks composedly at the world out of genial, clear, shining eyes. As a clerk he is a model of punctuality, regularity and industry, keeping the seven office hours of the day with the precision of the youngest Government employe. He was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Russell Lord, widowed sister of Mrs. Harrison, devotes herself to her father. One of her two daughters is Mrs. Parker, wife of Lieutenant John T. Parker, of the Navy. Mrs. Parker is awaiting the arrival of her husband from a three years cruis with the Pacific squadron. She is a brown-haired blonde with large, fine eyes, and looks much as her aunt, Mrs. Harrison, did at her age. Mrs. Walter Dimmick, her sister, widow of a son of Samuel Dimmick, once Attorney General of Pennsylvania, was with General and Mrs. Harrison a month this summer at Indianapolis, but sailed last month for Europe with her young sister-in-law Miss Mattie Dimmick, who recently graduated. The two ladies are in Berlin for the present, and the members of the American colony there have very generally called upon them with congratulations. They will winter in Dresden, where they go to join friends, returning to this country after a year's absence. Mrs. Dimmick became a widow when but three months a bride, and has worn deep mourning for six years for her idolized husband. She is young and very lovely, and the presence of herself, her sister and their mother, Mrs. Lord, may be expected to often grace the Whithe House. A tender attachment exists between Mrs. Lord and Mrs. Harrison. There is only 18 months difference in their ages. Mrs. Harrison's only son, Russell Benjamin, bears his first name for Mr. Russell Lord, the husband of his aunt, now many years dead. Major Lord, U. S. A., at present stationed on Governor's Island, was his son by a former marriage.

Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Russell B. Harrison, Mrs. Dimmick and Mrs. Parker are four young matrons, whose charms at the White House are destined to enthuse innumerable pens which have gone crazy over Mrs. Cleveland's perfections. They are, in all candor, intelligent and loveable gentlewomen, with a genial sense of humor, and no doubt will have their own fun over the gush that is sure to be written. Even the sedate grandfather, in his calm and kindly way, derives a modicum of amusement from his daily mail in these days, especially from the letters from a large number of pupils who are moved by recent events to express their devotion to the memory of their old Professor.

"TURN THE RASCALS OUT."

Our neighbor, the *Watchman*, appears to feel uneasy in regard to the retention in office by the new administration of Geo. Wister and others, and attempts to console its lacerated feelings by trying to believe that as Mr. Wistar entered the service of the government under its "civil service" rules his services cannot be dispensed with. Mr. Wister was appointed to a place made vacant by the displacement of a competent Republican who had also entered the service under the civil service rules, the only objection to him being he was a Republican. "It is a poor rule that won't work both ways" and as Mr. Wister is an "offensive Democratic partisan" he has already made up his mind to retire, as we are informed that he has made arrangements for the working of Philip Diets' farm for the coming four years after March next. Mr. Wister has made a good officer, and we have no doubt he will make an excellent farmer, in which calling he has our best wishes.

THE greatest known ocean depth, 4,655 fathoms, was obtained by the United States steamer Tuscarora, off the northeast coast of Japan. The Challenger

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Next Thursday is the time appointed by the civil authority as an occasion of general thanksgiving. Being the recipients of numerous blessings, daily coming to us, all of us should constantly be grateful. Doubtless all are If not, let us inquire why not?

The propriety of appointing such a time must be apparent to all. It is that thanks may be given in a united manner—as a Nation as well as by individuals. For this reason the churches appoint services, and union services are especially in accord with the spirit of the day. This returning of thanks to the Giver of all good gifts is the primary meaning of the day and people who fail to engage in this observance cannot comprehend the real signficance of the occasion.

Growing out of this the first thing is kindness and liberality. Though the the innumerable blessings that come have made many people richer, there are always some who, by reason of misfortune or improvidence, have not shared in that blessing. Kindness has its best illustration in gifts to such persons.

Bellefonte may be said to be prosperous. At least, there is work for all persons who are fitted to labor. But there are some who cannot work. Some are too young to labor—others are too old, having reached their three-score and ten years. When you give, remember these. Then there may others who, while they do not need your gifts, may be thankful, in their loneliness, for comfort and consolation. Affliction has come to many hearts during the year.

There are numerous deserving institutions which need help. There is a hospital known as St. Luke's, in Bethlehem which receives all and gives them the most skillful medical aid. It will gladly receive your benefactions. The city hospital in Altoona—a most noble institution—asks for aid. The Y. M. C. A. of Bellefonte would gladly receive a Thanksgiving offering. "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord." What shall I render to my God for all His gifts to me."

The day is one of enjoyment as well as praise and we hope our readers will enjoy it. All stores and manufactories should be closed and all employes should have a holiday.

ELECTION BY POPULAR VOTE.

Those States where the vote is free and the count honest are little likely to consent to a change in the manner of electing the President to popular vote, so long as in most of the Southern States a different state of things exists. It is true that in electing Electors this monstrous fact exists, but the bearing on the result is not as direct or potent as it would be were the President to be elected by popular vote, It is not likely that any "solid" section of the country, where a considerable part of the votes are systematically disfranchised and false counts as the rule, will be given greater opportunities to control the result than at present. Before any change is made there will be required guarantees that the popular voice will be heard.

As we understand the situation, some misapprehension prevails regarding the resolution offered at the National Convention of the W. C. T. U. held in New York city some weeks ago. It was not adopted, and Miss Willard has since publicly stated that the Union, while announcing its allegiance to the Third party, does not attempt to control the action of individual members. This may or may not be satisfactory to Republican members. Perhaps those who do not feel ready yet to leave the Union might best employ their energies in agitating for a reversal of the decision which converts a grand organization for philanthropic effort into a tender to a discredited party. The State Unions of Iowa and Pennsylvania have already revolted against this policy, and more would follow if they were shown the way.

GENERAL N

At Tokio the Japs ar
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But one vote was cas
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Cleveland carried St.
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the grave all right.

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The Buxton, Me., ho
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It is in the contract w
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An Iowa man got lock
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Wiley Fletcher, of
Georgia, is the proud
hook that has been in
years.

A colored man found
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he had bought at a seco
Paris, Ky,.

Two women have rece
larly licensed as Captain
in New York Harbor, th
Mississippi.

London thieves stole
They abstracted its cont
boring lot, and then d
the safe behind.

A little girl in De K
rejoices in the name of
linda Maria Savannah S
Lady-Bug Towers.

A game dinner was
guests at a Chicago hot
night. Thirty-four kind
represented on the men

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Kingston, N. Y., recent
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D. Whittaker, Aug. 10,

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An alarm clock in
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When Cleveland was
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died on election day.

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of oil and 301,247 pound
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walking six miles he ga
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A single pair of herrin
reproduce undisturbed
would not only supply t
with abundance of food

Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

LORD SACKVILLE WEST sailed on Friday.

THE Southern Brigadiers don't like Quay's mailed hand.

SUNDAY brought a heavy snow storm throughout the country.

THE Solid South is broken and West Virginia gives 3,000 majority for Harrison.

PERHAPS the Sackville and Chamberlain parties, crossing the Atlantic, caused this terrific storm.

SINCE the Republican victory the wages of the employes of furnaces in the Shenandoah Valley have been advanced 10 to 15 per cent.

Betting on the result of the national election is a good deal like laying a wager on the possibilities of a woman hitting a mark with a stone.

It would be well, perhaps, to understand now that the fast mail service was not arranged for the exclusive benefit of the men who are leading dual lives.

THE newspapers were very kind in selecting a private secretary for President-elect Harrison, but when he needed that kind of an assistant he made his own election.

WE are informed by such a learned authority as the New York *World* that Manton Marble wrote President Cleveland's message of a year ago. Who will write his last one?

A TUNNEL under the river at Detroit is the latest idea, by a company incorporated with a capital of $1,500,000. Commerce will have its demands satisfied at almost any cost, excepting, it would seem, in the matter of a competing railroad across Pennsylvania.

IT is printed in the papers that a manufacturing company in Massachusetts has posted an offer to give one year's subscription to a daily newspaper which advocates protection to every voter in its employment. It is a practical idea that cannot fail of doing good on a large scale. It would be good in Pennsylvania as well as in Massachusetts.

THE Fargo *Republican* says: Dakota has a population of 600,000; Florida has 266,000; Dakota has 4,246 miles of railroad; Florida has 1,294. Dakota has 352 newspapers; Florida has 102. Dakota paid for schools, $2,000,000; Florida $335,948. And yet the solid South has kept Dakota out; but never mind—"the mill of the gods," etc.

GENERAL FISK ran for Governor of New Jersey on the Prohibition ticket in 1886, and received 19,810 votes. This year, as the candidate of the same party for President, his vote in that State was only 7,766. Evidently, New Jersey knows General Fisk more than twice as well as she did two years age.

THE latest wrinkle of the duello appears to be to abuse your enemy so savagely that when he challenges you it will be impossible for you to respond because you have rendered it out of the question for you to regard him as a "gentleman." It is a Kentucky invention, and Senator Blackburn is the inventor.

In 1884 St. John got 49,999 votes in New York State; last year Huntingdon, candidate for secretary of State received 41,850, while this year Fisk's vote is less than 30,000. These were enough, however, to defeat a temperance candidate for Governor, an enemy of the saloon, and elect Hill, the friend of the saloon, Governor. That's what the Prohibition party accomplished in New York this year.

PEOPLE in greater numbers than is suspected die of causes, which, if understood, would be of immense service to the human family. For example, the death of a number of French soldiers was traced to eating of unripe potatoes. This esculent is poisonous more often than is supposed. If dug before maturity the tuber is by no means safe. But far worse is it to use a potato for food that has, after being dug, been exposed to the light for any length of time. They should be stored in the dark as soon as dug. In view of the ignorance and carelessness in the world the wonder is that more persons do not die. What would not universal knowledge do toward perfecting human existence?

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The manufactures of the United States increased in value by $1,080,000,000 between 1870 and 1880; those of Great Britain only increased $590,060,000 during the same period. The disparity in the ratio of increase has been much greater during the present decade, and the census of 1890 will probably show our product to be nearly 40 per cent. greater than Britain's entire product.

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Among others, he would be startled at the spectacle presented four years ago in these United States, of the election of a man to the Chief Magistracy and the appointment of others in his Cabinet, representing the opposition that confronted us twenty years ago in the civil war when we fought to save the country. The people submitted to that without one single whimper. [Applause.] But they have again chozen a man of our own style and stamp, and I, for one, say openly that I am glad of it. [Renewed applause.] I am not only proud of Ben Harrison as one of our soldier boys, but I am glad that in the hour of our danger he stood by the American flag and was true to it. [Loud applause.]

THE New York *Tribune* on the Southern situation says: The South is still an anachoronism. Elections there do not yet faithfully represent the will of the whole people. A few hot-heads mainly from that section have been scheming to defeat the choice of the people in the election of Congressman. Southern Democracy does not yet come up to the standard of genuine Americanism. But for the South also a better day is dawning, and it may be hoped that an honest election and a loyal acceptance of the result are not far distant for the people of that section. The election of General Harrison there is reason to hope may mark an end of the attempt of Southern politicians to rule a great Nation by a section solidity attained through methods at war with the Constitution and the laws. For the present let the South stand aside not yet quite worthy of American freedom. Think for the moment how grand is the spectacle presented in other States where probably not far from nine millions of freemen have deposited their ballots in peace and perfect freedom, and where the declared results are instantly accepted by two great and nearly equal parties.

THERE is an opinion abroad that the colored people of the South have made little progress since their emancipation twenty-five years ago. That this is a mistaken idea. There are to-day 16,000 colored teachers at work among their own people, and they give instruction during the year to 1,000,000 pupils. In the colored high schools there are 17,000 pupils. They have six normal schools, a score of colleges and universities and a dozen theological seminaries. They also pay taxes on more than $2,000,000 worth of property. All this has been brought about despite the unfavorable surrounding conditions—the shot guns, the bull dozing and the countless murders. When we consider that negro race has been barbarian in its native home for thousands of years and enslaved in this country for more than several centuries, we must conclude that the abode is not such a bad showing after all.

THERE's blood on the moon. Blackburn and Rucker threaten to fight.

Mrs. Harrison's Family.

The father of Mrs. Harrison, the wife of the President-elect, the Rev. John Witherspoon Scott, D. D., lives in Twelfth street, Washington, D, C., a well preserved man of 70. He is a clerk in the Pension Bureau. He is tall, slender, scarcely at all bowed with years and looks composedly at the world out of genial, clear, shining eyes. As a clerk he is a model of punctuality, regularity and industry, keeping the seven office hours of the day with the precision of the youngest Government employe. He was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Russell Lord, widowed sister of Mrs. Harrison, devotes herself to her father. One of her two daughters is Mrs. Parker, wife of Lieutenant John T. Parker, of the Navy. Mrs. Parker is awaiting the arrival of her husband from a three years cruis with the Pacific squadron. She is a brown-haired blonde with large, fine eyes, and looks much as her aunt, Mrs. Harrison, did at her age. Mrs. Walter Dimmick, her sister, widow of a son of Samuel Dimmick, once Attorney General of Pennsylvania, was with General and Mrs. Harrison a month this summer at Indianapolis, but sailed last month for Europe with her young sister-in-law Miss Mattie Dimmick, who recently graduated. The two ladies are in Berlin for the present, and the members of the American colony there have very generally called upon them with congratulations. They will winter in Dresden, where they go to join friends, returning to this country after a year's absence. Mrs. Dimmick became a widow when but three months a bride, and has worn deep mourning for six years for her idolized husband. She is young and very lovely, and the presence of herself, her sister and their mother, Mrs. Lord, may be expected to often grace the White House. A tender attachment exists between Mrs. Lord and Mrs. Harrison. There is only 18 months difference in their ages. Mrs. Harrison's only son, Russell Benjamin, bears his first name for Mr. Russell Lord, the husband of his aunt, now many years dead. Major Lord, U. S. A., at present stationed on Governor's Island, was his son by a former marriage.

Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Russell B. Harrison, Mrs. Dimmick and Mrs. Parker are four young matrons, whose charms at the White House are destined to enthuse innumerable pens which have gone crazy over Mrs. Cleveland's perfections. They are, in all candor, intelligent and loveable gentlewomen, with a genial sense of humor, and no doubt will have their own fun over the gush that is sure to be written. Even the sedate grandfather, in his calm and kindly way, derives a modicum of amusement from his daily mail in these days, especially from the letters from a large number of pupils who are moved by recent events to express their devotion to the memory of their old Professor.

"TURN THE RASCALS OUT."

Our neighbor, the *Watchman*, appears to feel uneasy in regard to the retention in office by the new administration of Geo. Wister and others, and attempts to console its lacerated feelings by trying to believe that as Mr. Wistar entered the service of the government under its "civil service" rules his services cannot be dispensed with. Mr. Wister was appointed to a place made vacant by the displacement of a competent Republican who had also entered the service under the civil service rules, the only objection to him being he was a Republican. "It is a poor rule that won't work both ways" and as Mr. Wister is an "offensive Democratic partisan" he has already made up his mind to retire, as we are informed that he has made arrangements for the working of Philip Diets' farm for the coming four years after March next. Mr. Wister has made a good officer, and we have no doubt he will make an excellent farmer, in which calling he has our best wishes.

THE greatest known ocean depth, 4,655 fathoms, was obtained by the United States steamer Tuscarora, off the northeast coast of Japan. The Challenger expedition found an abyss of 4,475 fathoms south of the Ladrone Islands, and the United States ship Blake discovered one of 4,561 fathoms north of Porto Rico. But the depths sounded by Captain Aldrich exceed by more than a mile any previously found in any of the Southern oceans.

DURING the coming week there will be a great rush of Congressmen to Washington to be on hand at the opening of the last session of Congress under the administration of Grover Cleveland.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Next Thursday is the time appointed by the civil authority as an occasion of general thanksgiving. Being the recipients of numerous blessings, daily coming to us, all of us should constantly be grateful. Doubtless all are If not, let us inquire why not?

The propriety of appointing such a time must be apparent to all. It is that thanks may be given in a united manner—as a Nation as well as by individuals. For this reason the churches appoint services, and union services are especially in accord with the spirit of the day. This returning of thanks to the Giver of all good gifts is the primary meaning of the day and people who fail to engage in this observance cannot comprehend the real signficance of the occasion.

Growing out of this the first thing is kindness and liberality. Though the the innumerable blessings that come have made many people richer, there are always some who, by reason of misfortune or improvidence, have not shared in that blessing. Kindness has its best illustration in gifts to such persons.

Bellefonte may be said to be prosperous. At least, there is work for all persons who are fitted to labor. But there are some who cannot work. Some are too young to labor—others are too old, having reached their three-score and ten years. When you give, remember these. Then there may others who, while they do not need your gifts, may be thankful, in their loneliness, for comfort and consolation. Affliction has come to many hearts during the year.

There are numerous deserving institutions which need help. There is a hospital known as St. Luke's, in Bethlehem which receives all and gives them the most skillful medical aid. It will gladly receive your benefactions. The city hospital in Altoona—a most noble institution—asks for aid. The Y. M. C. A. of Bellefonte would gladly receive a Thanksgiving offering. "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord." What shall I render to my God for all His gifts te me."

The day is one of enjoyment as well as praise and we hope our readers will enjoy it. All stores and manufactories should be closed and all employes should have a holiday.

ELECTION BY POPULAR VOTE.

Those States where the vote is free and the count honest are little likely to consent to a change in the manner of electing the President to popular vote, so long as in most of the Southern States a different state of things exists. It is true that in electing Electors this monstrous fact exists, but the bearing on the result is not as direct or potent as it would be were the President to be elected by popular vote. It is not likely that any "solid" section of the country, where a considerable part of the votes are systematically disfranchised and false counts as the rule, will be given greater opportunities to control the result than at present. Before any change is made there will be required guarantees that the popular voice will be heard.

As we understand the situation, some misapprehension prevails regarding the resolution offered at the National Convention of the W. C. T. U. held in New York city some weeks ago. It was not adopted, and Miss Willard has since publicly stated that the Union, while announcing its allegiance to the Third party, does not attempt to control the action of individual members. This may or may not be satisfactory to Republican members. Perhaps those who do not feel ready yet to leave the Union might best employ their energies in agitating for a reversal of the decision which converts a grand organization for philanthropic effort into a tender to a discredited party. The State Unions of Iowa and Pennsylvania have already revolted against this policy, and more would follow if they were shown the way.

A MILLIONAIRE directory is one of the odd things announced in the way of literature. It is to be published by a New York firm for circulation, and it contains the names of the lucky people whose wealth amounts to over $1,000,000. About 40 years ago a similar book was published, but the standard of wealth was then fixed at $100,000.

CLEVELAND's forthcoming letter to Congress may as well be on the tariff as on any other subject. People will pay much attention to it.

GENERAL NOTES.

At Tokio the Japs are to put up a monument to General Grant.

A Norwegian savant estimates the age of the world at 1,000,000 years.

But one vote was cast in South Carolina for the Prohibition nominees.

Cleveland carried St. Joseph, Mo., by 15 majority this year and by 14 in 1884.

A woman of Huntingdon, Conn., who is only 35 years of age has had nine husbands.

A St. Joseph, Mich., basket firm is engaged upon a large order from New South Wales.

The number of passengers transported annually in the horse cars in Berlin is nearly 100,000,000.

An experiment recently made in Scotland proves that the tortoise can walk a mile in four hours.

Dr. Tanner has an idea that he can be buried alive four days and come out of the grave all right.

The keeper of the Philadelphia morgue has been discharged for playing poker in the morgue

The Buxton, Me., horse which trampled its owner to death lately has since refused all kinds of food.

It is in the contract with the Queen's housekeeper that she will not get married for at least 10 years.

An Iowa man got locked up in a beef cooler for 15 hours, and his teeth chattered until they are worn half down.

Wiley Fletcher, of Irwin county, Georgia, is the proud owner of a fish hook that has been in constant use 70 years.

A colored man found $16,000 in greenbacks between the leaves of an old book he had bought at a second hand store at Paris, Ky.,

Two women have recently been regularly licensed as Captains of vessels: one in New York Harbor, the other on the Mississippi

London thieves stole a 300-pound safe. They abstracted its contents on a neighboring lot, and then departed, leaving the safe behind.

A little girl in De Kelb county, Ga., rejoices in the name of Susan Julia Melinda Maria Savannah Sophia Elizabeth Lady-Bug Towers.

A game dinner was served to 600 guests at a Chicago hotel on Saturday night. Thirty-four kinds of game were represented on the menu.

An aged turtle was picked up near Kingston, N. Y., recently that had the following inscription on its back: "W. D. Whittaker, Aug. 10, 1771.

More than 60 per cent of adult English women, married and unmarried, are working for daily subsistence, and the number multiplies every year.

There is but one Republican in Means, Ky., and he joined in the Democratic Parade, making the procession include every man, woman and child in town.

At a Western church fair a device for getting up a testimonial to the pastor bore the following legend: "Drop a dollar in the cut and see the pastor smile."

Oyster dealers in New Haven attribute the taste of copper which the bivalves grown near that city possess to the emptying of sewage into the harbor.

A man at Waynesborough, Ga., owns a cow which develops the most furious kicking propensities just on the full of the moon. At other times she is as gentle as a lamb.

An alarm clock in a hotel at Green Bay, Mich., went off at 2 o'clock the other morning and scared Mrs. Charles Marshal, a guest, into fits. She has sued for $1,000 damage.

An evidence that marriage is not a failure was exhibited in Melbore, Md., the other day, when David Crock, 107 years old, married Susanna Oaks, a buxom widow of 75.

When Cleveland was at the St Louis Veiled Prophet's ball a canary hung over his head. J. P. Newell got the canary bird and called it Cleveland. It died on election day.

A New Bedford dispatch says the total whaling catch in the North Pacific and Arctic fishery this year was 15,033 barrels of oil and 301,247 pounds of whalebone, divided among 39 vessels.

Wesley Barnet, the notorious Western desperado, keeps a coffin in his room, in anticipation of his death. He is said to have defied the United States authorities to put him in to it.

Leo Archenger, a brewer of San Jose, Cal., undertook to carry a 103-pound beer keg a distance of seven miles. After walking six miles he gave up, declaring he didn't care to kill himself.

A single pair of herrings, if allowed to reproduce undisturbed for 20 years, would not only supply the whole world with abundance of food, but would become inconveniently numerous.

A London physician has a copy of the Bible written in short hand, probably the only copy in the world. It is a volume of comparitively small size, and the characters are exquisiteiy written.

Honey bees have always taken possession of some of the grocery stores in Orlando, Fla., and they sometimes get so numerous around a dandy store of that place as to almost drive the workmen out.

A telegraphic wire is the last thing one would expect to support vegetation, yet a traveler in Brazil writes to a German horticultural journal describing a crop of mistletoe which he found clothing the wires not far from Rio Janeiro:

Our Story Teller

HOPE'S THANKSGIVING.

"There is nothing left in my life to be thankful for," Hope Grey felt, as she climbed up the stairs that led to her mite of a room on the top floor of the tenement she called home.

All day, with a choking sob in her throat, she sat in a damp, cheerless room trimming hats until her fingers and eyes ached, and then, at night to be discharged because a tiny drop of blood from her pricked fingers fell on a bit of velvet! To the friendless orphan girl it was a bitter misfortune and her whole nature rebelled against the injustice.

Poor Hope! The past ten years had been to her a continual struggle for existance. In this time she had seen her mother laid in the grave and herself left alone in the world, with only her own labor between starvation and life.

She was a slender, graceful girl whose resolute, cheerful spirit shone through her clear, brown eyes; but to-night the brown eyes were dim with unshed tears, and as she sat by the window and gazed out into the drizzling twilight she gave herself up to the memory of the past.

Far back in that past she was a child again, surrounded by all that loving parents could provide and as she dreamed of these days the tears rolled down the pale cheeks and the sensitive mouth quivered with emotion.

A few years had brought great changes. The precious loving mother had slowly died of want and sorrow, and the helpless child could only weep in bitter anguish at the loss which left her utterly friendless. From the day the earth hid her mother's tender face from view, Hope knew she stood alone in the world.

Slowly and painfully the terrible dark days came back to her as she sat in the deepening gloom.

The father had liked the social glass, and then followed an unconquering thirst that had literally drank up business, home and manhood.

Again Hope could see the sad pleading eyes of her mother and then growing poorer and poorer until the deepest poverty was coupled with the keener anguish of disgrace.

Then followed the secret hurrying away of the husband and father, who in an hour of terrible temptation had thrown away his honor and principle.

Branded with the crime of forgery the poor wreck of humanity fled to a distant State, and nothing was heard of him for two long agonizing years. At last came the tidings that he had been killed in a drunken brawl in San Francisco. The shock was too much for the feeble wife, and Hope saw her mother laid away in her last sleep, a young woman yet, but with hair as white as purest snow.

The poor, tired body had found rest, but for Hope there was no such escape. She was young and strong, and must live on in a continual struggle for a life that was filled only with bi ter memories.

As it grew darker she arose from the window and, lighting her lamp, she began counting the money in her purse. It was a little sum, and it brought more vividly before the lonely girl her forlorn situation.

"Oh! what will become of me when this is gone?" she asked herself, as she walked nervously up and down the room.

Suddenly she stopped before a little stand, as though some plan had come into her busy brain.

"If I could only sell it!" she said aloud as she took up a small, unframed painting. It was a bit of lowland, with the sea shimmering in the distance, on which could be seen the white sail of a ship homeward bound.

Her mother in the happier days had been skillful with brush and pencil, and had taught the little that she knew to Hope. It had served to brighten many a weary hour for both mother and daughter, and after the mother's death Hope had gone on in her own way painting all the old scenes she could remember, often denying herself many comforts that she might buy the few touches of color.

Youth easily takes courage, and the picture brought new life to Hope. The next morning, with the picture tied up in paper, she set out for a certain picture dealer, whose windows had often attracted her attention.

She tried to still her wildly beating heart as she entered the store and inquired if they bought paintings.

"Have you one for sale?" asked the clerk, looking curiously at the shabby, slender figure.

"Yes," returned Hope, beginning to untie her parcel.

"Mr. Darwood attends to that business," said the clerk, and before Hope could reply she was ushered into Mr. Darwood's office. A tall, fine-looking man arose at her entrance and politely inquired what he could do for her. With trembling fingers Hope took off the paper and handed him the picture for inspection. After what seemed to her an age, during which time she had vainly tried to read his decision in his face, he turned and glanced at her with a look of interest. The pale, delicate, face, with its look of trouble told more plainly than words the need that had brought her there. Moreover the quick glance had shown him that the brown-eyed girl was a gentlewoman.

"The picture is well done," he said, all the while thinking what lovely eyes and wondering who she could be. "We are giving five dollars a piece for such paintings, and I will take this at the same price if agreeable to you," he continued.

"Agreeable to her!" To Hope it was a fortune, and after being told that anything she could do in the same line would be paid for, she went home to look and look at this money, which had been earned so pleasantly and that would open to her a new way to earn an honest living.

"Jasper, where did you get this picture from?" asked Mr. Newton that afternoon of his head clerk.

Mr. Newton was the proprietor of the art store where Hope had sold her painting.

Jasper Darwood hurried to his employer's side to see which particular picture was meant.

"Oh, that one," he replied as he caught sight of the one the old gentleman was looking at so earnestly. "I bought it this morning of a lady. It is a very good one," he added.

The clerk thought he was examining it as to its commercial value, but Mr. Newton's next question showed this had not entered his mind:

"Is that the lady's name or the title!" he asked abruptly.

"The title, Mr. Newton; the lady's name was Grey, and——"

But Jasper Darwood never finished his sentence, for old Mr. Newton had grasped the back of a chair and would have fallen but for the timely aid of his clerk.

As soon as he recovered he began to question Darwood. Did he know the artist's address? and question after question followed, but the clerk could tell him almost nothing.

"The lady had called in the morning and offered the picture for sale. He had liked the picture and bought it. The lady had given her name but the address he did not know."

"Jasper, everyone in the store must be questioned," said the old gentleman as he wrung his hands in evident anguish, and so the astonished clerk set about asking every man and boy in the place if he knew any one named Hope Grey. It would have seemed ludicrous to Darwood but for the distress of his employer.

He met with no success until he came to one of the little boys who dusted the counters.

Yes, he knew a Miss Grey. She lived next door to him, and when his mother was sick Miss Gray came in and——;but Mr. Newton didn't listen to any more. Having checked the boy and found out the name of the street and number of the house, he hailed a cab and was soon on his way to the place.

It never occurred to him that this might not be the Hope Gray he sought Some instinct told him his long search was ended.

Hope sat alone in her little room, when she was startled by a knock, and a moment after the door opened and the long separated father and daughter were face to face.

It took some time to tell the story of John Grey's wanderings.

He had not been killed in the drunken brawl, but it had been in this same place that he had first awakened to a sense of his terrible position.

To return home was dangerous, for the shadow of law hung over him, but after amassing a fortune the longing for his family became so strong that one morning he set off for the East, ready to face the danger of imprisonment if he could not see his loved ones again.

There was no need to have changed his name. No one would have recognized in the fine-looking gray-haired man the forlorn creature who had crept away so miserably ten years before.

But the coming home had been almost useless except for the one result which had lifted forever from him the stain of crime. Every dollar had been paid back and he stood once more a free man, but of the wife and child he had left in poverty and shame he could find no trace.

The belief that both were dead had finally been yielded to, when Providence had placed in his way the object of his search.

The wife lay in her narrow bed, and that darkness could never be taken out of his life, but the child was left to him and he thanked the Father to the fatherless who had protected her all these years.

The next day was Thanksgiving Day, and no three people were happier than the three who ate their turkey in John Newton's home.

Jasper Darwood was there, too, for the old gentleman maintains that but for buying the picture Hope would never have been found, but Jasper Darwood knows that Hope's brown eyes had a great deal to do with the purchase.

REGULARITY IN LONG LIFE.

From Popular Science Monthly.

Longevity without regularity of habits is rare. Very old people, men and women alike, are early risers and retirers almost without exception, and fully nineteen out of every twenty have observed this custom throughout life, except perhaps at some short period in youth. Meals have been eaten regularly, three each day, with dinner at noon, the exceptions being so rare as to indicate nothing. Exercise in most cases has been hard work up to 65 or 70, and after that period has consisted (when the regular occupation has been given up) of walking, gardening or both. Except in cases of sickness these old people are, as a rule, as active and as fond of constant occupation of some sort to-day as most men and women are at 35.

One of the most significant facts gathered is regarding occupations. Out of 1000 men over 75 years old, 461 have been farmers, 92 have been carpenters, 70 merchants, 61 mariners, 49 laborers 42 shoemakers, 41 manufacturers, 23 clergymen, 23 masons, 16 blacksmiths, 16 bankers, 12 each iron workers, mill hands, physicians and lawyers, and the balance are divided among nearly all the other trades and professions. The list includes only one each of the following: Hermit, hunter, chemist, journalist, soldier, broker, auctioneer, jockey, contractor.

Dangerous Practical Joking.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"Speaking of women," said the Colonel after a long pause. "I was traveling in Missouri one day in my buggy when I met a tall, slabsided girl of 20 in the road. I had taken a drink or two and felt jolly, and so I hailed her with:

"Howdy Sal? Fine day?"

"Howdy Stranger?" she promptly replied.

"Say," I went on, "I'm looking for a wife."

"What sort?"

"About your kind."

"Want me?"

"If you'll have me."

"Reckon I will Let's drive back and see dad and mam."

"I was joking you know, and so I told her I was in a great hurry and would return. Three natives who came along just then stopped to find out what was the matter, and they set in with the girl to take me back. The only way I could get out of it was to bolt for the woods, leaving the horse and buggy behind, and for five years later the girl was still driving them. That little joke of mine cost me just $350, to say nothing of being run through a patch of woods five miles wide.

He Didn't See the Joke.

There are a great many variations of the following anecdote, but this is the way Mr. Thomas McDougall told it in a recent address:

"A few years ago, at a Millers' International Convention banquet (as a friend who was present informed me,) after several toasts had been responded to, a grain broker from Chicago rose to respond to the toast of the grain business. He said: "I am a broker from Chicago. Several gentlemen have already addressed you, representing various interests." Then with a burst of eloquence, looking around on the guests, he said: "And what do I represent!" Pausing for a moment, a voice (from St. Louis, probably) answered, 'Cheek.' The applause laughter and uproar lasted so long that the Chicago man sat down without making a speech. An Englishman sitting beside my friend looked up in his face and asked: Why did you laugh? What did he sit down for?"

A Magnanimous Girl.

She—This is leap year, John?

He—Yes, dear.

She—And it is going fast?

He—It will be over directly.

She—Well, there's one thing I've got to say about it.

He—Yes.

She—I have never proposed to you.

He—No?

She—Certainly not. My dear John, let me tell you that I will never do such a thing. I'm not going to let you have it to say in the years to come that I proposed to you. No, sir. I want you to have it to say that you courted me in leap year, and you proposed to me yourself. I want you to have it to say that I never gave you the least hint that I wanted you. No, dear John, I leave the proposing to you entirely.—*Boston Courier.*

A grandmother only 25 years of age is the chief curio in Hancock, Ind.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody good," said the Thanksgiving turkey, as the cyclone hurled him from under the uplifted axe into the next country.

The telegraph lines entering the central station at London are all under ground. It appears all the more wonderful when it is said there are 1,700 different lines.

A new double-pointed nail is the invention of an ingenious woman. The points turn in opposite directions, and the nails are especially useful for invisible nailing in woodwork.

SOME OF THE CHINAMEN.

In a Sunday school in Portland, Maine, there is a class of Chinamen, of which Miss Mary Baker is teacher. A correspondent, in speaking of that Sunday school says:

"Some of the pupils are pretty well advanced and can talk intelligibly and write quite plainly; others, as yet, can scarcely speak one word of English, and they are all in this condition on their first arrival. Something over one hundred different Chinamen have lived here, and all have been more or less benefited by this school. They are the lower class in their own country, and some of them cannot even read in Chinese, but are taught to do so here in Portland. They take great interest in and enjoy these meetings. Recently two walked in from Saccarappa to attend. They become attached to their teachers and are always giving them presents. They also visit them at their homes. A year ago they purchased together a handsome communion table, worth about forty dollars, and presented it to the church.

They all do a fair business, laundrying, and live as swell as the average American laborer. The business of one of these laundries here in the city is worth $1,000. One has joined the church and another has cut off his pig-tail.

The teachers are very much interested in their work and their pupils, and well they may be, for their is a certain charm in the keen dark faces and bright black eyes which inspires a wish to lift them from the depths of superstition and ignorance to the light of learning and truth."

THE treatment of criminals has greatly changed within the last half century. Reform and not punishment is now the leading purpose of imprisonment. At least the conditions are no longer harsh and cruel, and the element of revenge is largely eliminated. This is a beneficial change, since all revenge is crime, and cruelty neither benefits the injured nor reforms the criminal; it rather hardens him and turns him out upon the world, at the end of his term, a greater danger to society than before. But with this beneficent change has come the evil of a sentimentalism, which pets the criminal, and makes a hero of the murderer. Once his execution was made a spectacle for improvement of the people whom it only accustomed to the spectacle of death by violence. Now he is kept as a show for sentimental sympathizers, who bestow upon him bouquets and delicacies and when his crime is sufficiently atrocious, women fall in love with him and marry him by proxy, if they are not allowed to do so in his own proper person. The pendulum has swung to the other extreme. It is time that sentimentalism, as well as cruelty, were shut out from the treatment of criminals. Charles Dudley Warner in the November *Forum*, argues that a convict should be sent to prison and hard labor not for a definite, arbitrary term, but until he is so changed in his habits that he is fit to take his place in the world again. If he is so debased as not to be able to be changed in his habits and practices, by any discipline, however long continued, then the prison is the place for him for life. It would be difficult to ascertain just when the reformation had taken place, or whether the convict has become sufficiently strong in his new purposes to withstand the temptations of the outer world. That would have to be a matter of trial, and the convert could be released on probation under the eye of a commission charged with supplying him with employment and keeping an eye upon him for a definite period.

SUCCESSIVE FORMATION.

The theory of successive formation of the globe is one which, though popularly known, is sufficiently unique and interesting to bear repetition. According to the advocate of this theory, the star on which we live is a mass of liquid fire of celestial origin, round as liquids are when floating in space, and encrusted by cooling into a shell of felspar and quartz. A blue gaseous aureal of watery exhalations envelopes it for about thirty miles, and condenses on its surface into lakes, rivers, and oceans, covering three-fourths of the crust, and forming a resplendent globe of many-colored waters.

Instead of being fixed and solid, the crust quakes, islands rise and sink into the sea, coasts change their levels, and the fiery central gases escape through a regular series of craters. Climates change in almost every land in the experience of almost every generation of men. The sea has been where the land is, and the plants and animals of the tropics have lived and flourished in Siberia, while the sedimentary rocks are made of the petrified remains of marine life.

WHAT liberal voting there would be if all women had the ballot, and all used it as freely as Grace Greenwood. She says she would if she had the privilege: "Would I vote if I could? Yea, verily, at divers times and at divers places, to make up for my political disability. I think that for the first presidential election after my tardy enfranchisement I would hie myself to a certain city in which I lived during the trying days of the republic, and when my little literary income was taxed for the carrying on of a war in which no woman had any glory stock, only a ruinous investment of anxieties and agonies, and in that city I would wield the franchise without the patriotic prodigality of a newly landed Hibernian Democrat, casting my vote right and left from morn to dewy eve."

Electric silicon powder is very nice for polishing brass.

White and pale shades of paint may be beautifully cleaned by using whiting in the water.

He—What kind of goods is that dress made of, Laura? She—Camel's hair. He—Of course; now you turn around I see the hump.

Much sickness in farmers' families in winter is due to keeping large quantities of potatoes and other vegetables stored under sleeping-rooms.

Good eggs may be quickly designated by their dull shell and clean appearance. An old or stale egg, egg, as a rule, has a dull, porus-looking shell.

Poverty-stricken nomadic tribes are infesting Lincoln, Nebraska, and the vicinity, and the authorities are puzzled to know what to do with them.

An investigation into the cause of a sudden fall in the Elkhorn river, at Pierce, Neb., revealed the fact that a muskrat had bored a hole in the dam.

Mrs. Partington wants to know why the captain of a vessel can't keep a memorandum of the weight of his anchor instead of weighing it every time he leaves port.

To clean oil paintings, first brush them, then wash with warm milk diluted with water; rub with a piece of flannel dipped in turpentine and then with a dry flannel.

Magistrate to plaintiff with lump on his head—If your wife threw a sad-iron at you, why didn't you dodge? Plaintiff—I did, your honor, and that's how I came to get hit.

To keep green vegetables for a day or two sprinkle with water and place them on a cellar floor. Fruit should not be kept in the cellar, but put out singly and in a dark, dry, cool place.

Plenty of clothespins should be kept handy. Have a box for these and drop them in the suds once in awhile and then wipe them dry, as they are apt to get dusty and soil the clothes.

Green corn and Lima beans deteriorate more quickly than any other vegetables; they should be spread out singly on the cool cellar floor as quickly as possible after they come from the market.

In using rough chamois to touch up highly-polished silver, it is frequently observed to scratch the work; this is caused by particles of dust, and even hard powder, that are left in the leather and must be got out.

Hard water contains too much limestone, and that causes bread baked with it to soon dry out. If you use soft water to mix the dough you get a much better article of bread and one that will retain its freshness.

For billiousness squeeze the juice of a lime or small lemon into half a glass of cold water, and stir in a little baking soda; drink while it foams. To be taken when rising in the morning. This will also relieve the sick headache if taken in the beginning.

Malaria is due to microbes, which reach their victims either from the air, by inhalation, or from drinking water which has absorbed them. Boil the water, avoid the night air, sleep in the higher rooms of the the house and guard against all excesses.

To remove iron rust or ink spots, moisten the spots and apply salts of lemon until they disappear and then rinse well. Salts of lemon are made of equal parts of oxalic acid and tartaric acid. Another way is to moisten with lemon juice, sprinkle well with salt and lay in the sun.

The colored troops constitute rather more than one-tenth of our whole military force, and in regard to health and general effectiveness, they stand nearly on a level with the whites in the service. In some lines of duty they are found to be remarkably available.

Singular Wants.—Queer people are not to be blamed for wanting queer things. Here are two samples: "Wanted—A walnut-wood cottage pianoforte by a bachelor with carved legs." "Wanted, by a boy, a situation in an eating-house. He is used to the business."

Eyes and No Eyes.—Able editor: "See, here, in your report of the wedding you neglected to speak of the bride as beautiful." Reporter: "She's as homely as a mud fence." Able editor: "My stars, man, where were your eyes? Her father can draw his cheque for a million!"

A Disgusted Witness.—A witness, in describing a certain event: "The person I saw at the head of the stairs was a man with one eye named Wilkins." "What was the name of the other eye?" spitefully asked the opposing counsel. The witness was disgusted with the levity of the audience.

He's all Right.—Lady: "Have you any one calling to see you?" New Cook: "Yes, mum," "I don't like to have strange men coming to the house, I am afraid of burglars." "Be aisy, mum; the gintleman is a perlicemen. He is just the man you want to have on the praymesis, if its burglars that yez be afraid of."

The population of Dakota has increased 62,346 during the past year, and now is 640,832. The population of Idaho is about 100,000. The total value of taxable property is $21,288,392. New Mexico's population has increased 10,000 during the past year. The taxable property is valued at $43,151,920.

Police Lieutenant Warren, of Columbus, Ga., was admitted on all hands to a good officer and he had every appearance of being a white man, but some malignant devotee of the color prejudice whispered that he had negro blood in his veins and he was obliged to resign his office and leave the city.

A Matter of Business.—Clerk (to landlord): "Young Mr. Spriggins and old Tomboy have had a quarrel, and both threaten to leave the house unless the other one does." Landlord: "Which is the better customer?" Clerk: "About the same, sir." Landlord: "Tell old Tomboy he must go. He is likely to die any day, and we may keep Spriggins for years."

"Why don't you get married, Uncle Peter?" asked an acquaintance of a bachelor negro. "Why, bress yer soul," was the repiy, "I'se got an old mudder, an' I has to do fo' her, sah, an' if I don't buy her shoes an' stockins's, she don't git none. Now, if I was ter git married I'd hab to buy 'em fo' my wife, and dat would be takin' de shoes an' stockin's right out o' my mudder's mouf."

Anxious father—Why, what's the matter? Little Dick—Me an' Dick was playin' we was Abe Lincoln and splittin' rails, and w'en we got that big board all chopped up mamma came out an' took the wood in the house for kindlin'. Father—But you didn't want the wood, did you? Son—No-o. Father—Then what are you crying for? Son—I've just found I—I ain't been playin'. I—I've been workin'—boo, boo!"

Three old mission bells that were brought to Santa Cruz from Spain nearly 100 hundred years ago were broken up at San Francisco lately and recast into one modern bell of 1,500 pounds.

Nervous Old Gentlemen—"What on earth is that burning, Charles?"

Charles—"Eh?"

Nervous Old Gentleman—"I say, what makes that terrible odor?"

Charles—"Why, father, I am smoking one of your cigars."

According to Johann Faber, the famous manufacturer of Nuremburg, the people of the United States use, in round numbers, about 100,000,000 lead pencils every year.

Brown—I hear that Fenderson was at the club last night. I hope he didn't make a fool of himself. Fogg—Hardly that; he put on a few finishing touches however.

Crooked and Straight are the names of a pair of clergymen in charge of an English church. Lock and Key were long familiar names over the door of a hardware store in Louisville, Ky. Scarcely less appropriate were the last named parties to their business than were the famous U. Ketchum and I. Cheatum firm of Lawyers.

A correspondent of an exchange writes: "Apropos of left-handedness, I should like to see a satisfactory explanation of the fact that women always, with exceedingly rare exceptions, button from right to left, and man from left to right. Personally I have remarked only four cases of exception to the rule."

"What's the matter, Darringer? You look dispirited."

"I'm troubled with too much mother-in-law."

"That is bad, old boy. How often does she visit you?"

"Twice a year."

"That isn't often, Darringer."

"No, it isn't—only that she stays six months at a time."

Shoe Dealer [to clerk]—"William, why did you insist upon selling to that old gentleman a pair of small, soft shoes, when he called for large cowhide boots?"

"Well—er——"

"I insist upon knowing."

"The fact is I call on his daughter quite frequently in the evenings."

Our northern forests are slowly pineing away."

A Stump Speaker—"Mister, give me the butts."

To remove paint—Sit down on it before it is dry.

The ancient marryin' 'er—January wedding May.

Men sow their wild oats and women sow their tares.

The exercising of horses just before a race is the preamble.

An interesting ancient canoe, hollowed out by means of red-hot stones, has been found in Central Norway.

A Strange Case of Sight Lost and Found.

In the latter part of last month, Mrs. Benjamin Moyers, aged 77 years, who lives in the easy-going and little-known town of Souderton, Montgomery county, Pa., when eating a hearty supper was suddenly attacked by a peculiar affection of the nervous system. During the past four years she had been totally blind, and with this attack her eyesight was for a moment restored. She was removed to her bed. On November 10, a few days after the above event, she opened her eyes early in the morning and suddenly exclaimed: "Mein Gott in Himmel, I see!" Her husband, whose age is 73 years, rushed to her and he was immediately recognized. The whole household hastened to the woman's bedside and beheld a verification of her statement. All the family came to the bedside. She told them that she had prayed last summer as her last wish on earth to see her children and grandchildren once more, and that she believed this was the fulfillment of her prayer. On Sunday the people of the neighborhood swarmed to Mrs. Moyer's house, and they were soon convinced of the truth of the reported miracle. Before the day had closed she ever and anon exclaimed: "This is the last Sunday that I shall have the use of my eyesight." When the old lady awakened on Monday morning she found that her sense of vision was pratically gone, and it has remained so since. Mrs. Moyer and her husband live in a quaint old farm-house, built about eighty years ago, situated on the Souderton turnpike. They have lived together in the old structure nearly fifty years. Up to November 6 Mrs. Moyer was the most rugged and healthy lady for her age in Franconia township. She is now perfectly contented and at ease since she was Providentially granted the privilege of seeing her children and grandchildren before she dies.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience, have never seen a reparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D,
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cueed with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

—Almanacs for 1889 are plentiful and among them the Reformed church almanac is particularly conspicuous. We purchased one yesterday. It is nice to have a religious almanac. Heretofore we have prized almanacs especially for their value as a weather prognosticator. But we have found them a delusion and a sham. If, on the strength of the almanac's prediction, we would shingle our hair and put on white trousers the air was sure to be cold and a thunder and hail storm would prevail, and make us wail. Then if we would build a big fire and wrap in furs the murcury wonld go way up higher and higher and we would perspire and give vent to much ire. But now that we have a Reformed religious almanac everything will be lovely and the weather will be manageable.

Which Was It? Bacon or Shakespeare.

The authorship of the dramatic productions attributed to the last of above named is agitating literary circles to the very centre but affects the practical masses far less than the momentous question, how to regain or preserve health, that essential of bodily and mental activity, business and the pursuit of happiness." We can throw far more light on this subject than the most profound Shakespearian can on the question first propounded. If the system is depleted; the nerves shaky; if indigestion or constipation bothers one at time, or constantly: if the skin is yellow and tongue furred as in biliousness; if there are premonitory twinges of oncoming rheumatism or neuralgia; if the kidneys are inactive—Use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest recuperant of an age prolific in beneficial and successful remedies. Remember, if malaria threatens or afflicts, that it neutralizes the poison and fortifies the system.

—An exchange says there are some things a level-headed being should not do. Among these are the kindling of a fire with kerosene, walking on a railroad track, attempting to beard a moving train, pointing a gun or pistol at another, putting his name on another man's note, keeping his savings in an old stocking under the bed, playing a game of chance with a prepossessing stranger, taking patent medicine for real or imaginary evils, running for office when he has a paying position in private life, or for calling a bigger man a liar

The Population of Bellefonte

Is about 5,000, and we should say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial size free. Sold by all druggist.

People Pay Heavy Bills

For medicinal attendance and medicine. Sickness is expensive, and those with small incomes feel this burden keenly. The physician must sometimes be called but he is not needed one-tenth as often as many think. What is required is a family medicine; one that will relieve and cure those ailments which are liable to come at any season and to attack both sexes and all ages. Amid the host of articles that are offered to the public for this purpose nearly all are useless or worse than useless. It is no vain boast to say that the medicine herein mentioned is of a very different character. What it has done is known to multitudes of persons whom it has cured of weary and painful diseases. It has saved time, money and many dear and precious lives. Now please understand that as the life is in the blood so disease and death are in the blood. Get the poison out of the blood and life and health at once return to every part of the body. Dr. Brown's Sarsaparilla does this work quickly and surely through its direct and positive action upon the stomach, bowels, kidneys, liver and skin. For all waste and corrupt elements must be cast off by means of these channels. Rheumatism, scrofula, bronchitis, gout, consumption, malaria, catarrh, hay fever, all skin affections and eruptions are diseases of the blood.

Mr. George H. Wish, of the firm of Thaxter & Wish, Bangor, Me., was afflicted with a scrofulous humor which caused troublesome sores upon both his legs. Many remedies were used and several physicians consulted, without success. After taking Brown's Sarsaparilla a short time he was better, and soon the eruptions disappeared and he is now all right. This is only one of a thousand victories gained by

BROWN'S Sarsaparilla.

Not genuine unless made by Ara Warren & Co., Bangor, Me. 44 4t

AGENTS WANTED

to canvass for one of the Largest, Oldest established, BEST KNOWN NURSERIES in the country. Most Liberal terms. Unequalled facilities. GENEVA NURSERY, established 1846. W & T SMITH, GENEVA, N. Y 44 4t

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPP'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may gradually be built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by Grocers labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists,
20 44 6t London, England.

You will Save Money, Time, Pain, Trouble, and will cure CATARRH, By Using ELY'S CREAM BALM, HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists. By mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR
MY STORY OF THE WAR
By Mary A. Livermore

Her own narrative of "Four Years' Personal Experience as Field and Hospital Nurse." It portrays the Womanly or "Heavenly" side of the War, its Lights and Shadows "*as a woman saw them.*" Bright, Pure, and Good, full of "*laughter and tears,*" of thrilling interest and touching pathos, it *sells at sight to all.* Splendid **Steel-Plates,** and famous old **Battle-Flags** richly colored in *exact fac-simile.* The "*booming*" book for Men and Women Agents. **$100 to $200** a month made. **Distance no hindrance,** for we *Pay Freight* and give *Extra Terms.* Write for circulars to **A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., Hartford, Conn.**
20 44 4t

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. **Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.** Prevents Dandruff and hair falling 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
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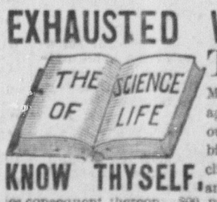
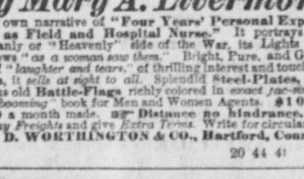


THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P.O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Office, No. 4 Bulfinch St. Specialty, Diseases of Man.

Cut this out. **You may never see it again.**
20 44 4t

The WITTIEST, PRETTIEST JUVENILES
QUEER PEOPLE
By Palmer Cox

GIANTS & GOBLINS $1.00 — WINGS & STINGS 75c. — PAWS & CLAWS $1.00



By Mail.

(*Elopement of the Frog and the Mouse.*)

Full of the oddest pranks, **charming** stories and laugh-provoking illustrations by the **Prince of Juvenile artists. Selling immensely. Critics say of it:** "*It sets my little folks wild with delight.*"—Hon. Clinton B. Fisk. "*Don't send me another for I can't get the children to bed.*"—R. H. Conwell, D. D. "*Incomparably neat and elegant.*"—Hon. S. S. Cox. "*Fascinating as Æsop and Uncle Remus.*"—Hon. Howard Crosby.
AGENTS WANTED. HUBBARD BROS. 723 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
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MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Any book learned in one reading
Mind wandering cured.
Speaking without notes.
Piracy condemned by Supreme Court.
Great Inducements to correspondence classes.

Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D. D., Editor of the *Christian Advocate*, Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE,
20 44 4t 237 Fifth Ave., New York

Southern Methods in Clearfield County
From the Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.

T. P. Rynder, who ran as the Republican-Union-Labor candidate for Congress in the Twenty-eighth District, composed of the counties of Centre, Clarion, Clearfield, Elk and Forest, was defeated by Kerr, Democrat, by a plurality of 2,689. For other candidates 430 votes were cast, which would reduce Mr. Kerr's majority to 2,259. But in Clearfield county the election seems to have some peculiar features. The *Raftsman's Journal* says that, in Bell township Mr. Rynder is not credited with a single vote, and all the papers returned to the Court are blank after his name. It is well understood that some votes were cast for him, and it is beyond comprehension how the returns could be so made. The official table consequently contains none, and makes Mr. Kerr's majority 1,302. Both the *Republican* and *Spirit*, however, give Mr. Rynder 117 votes in Bell. Where they got them we do not know, but if he is entitled to them Mr. Kerr's majority is only 1,185, as any one can see by adding the column of figures."

Perhaps the Southern method was applied in Clearfield to make the election of Rynder's opponent secure!

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the word for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

Accident on the Railroad.

Another bad accident occurred on Friday afternoon about halfpast 4 o'clock. Brittain Franz, a young man employed on the shifting engine at this place, was coupling cars near the Nail Works, when his left fore arm was badly crushed between the bumpers. His wounds were given proper surgical attention and he was taken to his home near Tyrone. Franz is a single man. We hope that the arm will heal without any serious results.

RUPTURE CURE GUARANTEED BY J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail. Advice free, send for circular. 3 14 1y

—The Chester County Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and its auxiliary, the West Chester Union, have withdrawn from all connection with the National Union, though they will continue their connection with the State Union. The reason is because the National Union has become a third party organization.

Get a new Suit and Overcoat from Montgomery & Co., *Tailors.* They are so much *cheaper* than *Ready made clothing,* Full stock of Hats, Caps, Umbrellas and Gentlemen's Furnishings.

—Somebody has discovered that if one writes his name on Mt. Washington, in New Hampshire, with phosphorus, it could be read by night in the next State. If he had only thought of it in time what a scheme that would have been for giving out the returns.

Do You Chew? Then get the BEST which is FINZER'S OLD HONESTY

Genuine has a RED H tin tag on every plug.
OLD HONESTY is acknowledged to be the purest and most lasting piece of Standard Chewing Tobacco on the market. Trying it is a better test than any talk about it. Give it a fair trial. Your dealer has it.

BUSINESS SUITS $3.50 TO $25.00

OVERCOATS $10.00 TO $35.00

TROUSERS $3.50 TO $8.50

ULSTER COAT $12.00 TO $35.00

CAPE COAT $15.00 TO $25.00

E. O. THOMPSON,
Tailor, Clothier Importer
1338 CHESTNUT STREET
(Opposite the Mint)
PHILADELPHIA
Mail orders specially cared for.
Write for samples. 20 43 4m

—It is reported that Governor Beaver will be appointed marshall of the inauguration parade.

—Lowell Meyer, of Centre Hall had one of his hands greatly injured a few days ago in the plunger of a hay baling machine.

—Farmer John Kuhn, of Collegetownship, can boast of the quantity of corn he raised this past season—1700 bushels on 13½ acres.

—The Central Pennsylvania conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will meet in Shamokin on March 20, 1889, Bishop Bowman presiding.

—On account of the great magnetic influence of the vast quantities of iron and steel in the Pittsburg mills, the magnetic needle is of no practical use in that city. Civil engineers, surveying land in the city, are obliged to abandon the use of the ordinary compass.

—The President of Bucknell University, at Lewistown, Pa., has been formally declined by Prof. George M. Phillips, of West Chester. G. G. Groff, LL. D., Professor of Natural Science, will act as President during the ensuing year, and J. H. Hislop, Ph. D.; of John Hopkins University, will teach psychology, antropology, and ethics, the branches usually taught by the President.

—Football is as healthful a recreation as usual this year. Corbin, of the Yale team, has a carbuncle on his left arm, Wallace has an abcess on his lip, Stagg's right eye and nose are badly bunged up, James has a cut on the head, Gill is on crutches, Rhodes is a temporary wreck, Graves has a severe wound on the head, Pike's left leg is lame and Bull has a strained tendon which gives him a great deal of pain.

—Hon. James L. Pugh, of Somerset, has called upon Governor Beaver to present the claims of Mr. Oliver Knepper for the appointment to the Associate Judgeship made vacant by the death of the late Judge Walker. The other applicants for the position are George W. Pyle, and Wm. M. Hochstetter. The appointment will be for one year only—until the next election. Gov. Beaver did not indicate what his probable action would be.

NEXT U. S. SENATOR.

Pennsylvania having become a fixed Republican state, all advantages accruing to its citizens through legislation, must of necessity come through the action of that party. Such being the facts in the case, the Republican voters should use their best efforts to place in important legislative positions the best representative men in their ranks who will see the rights and interests of all properly protected.

The legislature of 1891 will have the selection of a U. S. Senator, to represent this great state in the United States Senate. As an independent journalist we think the best man to fill the position is General D. H. Hastings, who is a personal illustration of the benefits derived from free institutions, and who today is the rising man of the Nation, and is of the people, and for the people, under all circumstances. The Republican party, in our opinion, would make no better selection, or one that would give greater satisfaction, to the the rank and file of its party, or one who would shed greater honor on Republican institutions.—*Fountain.*

The Vote in Clarion County.

As the tabulated votes of the several counties in this Congressional district are received it is noticed that Theodore P. Rynder was about the strongest candidate on any of the tickets. We notice that the total number of votes received by Harrison in Clarion county was 2950 while Mr. Rynder received 3122. The gain for the Republicans for President over the vote of 1884 was only 193 while the vote cast for congress this year shows a gain of 365 for Republicans over the votes for that office in 1884. Cleveland's official majority in the counties composing this Congressional district is 2235. Kerr's majority will not be by two hundred votes as large as is now estimated. Black's majority over Beaver in this district, two years ago, was 3465.

Protection in Canada.

The Toronto *World* referring to our election, says that not a free trader in Canada but "feels it in his bones" that his cause "just got the worst set-back it has experienced these many years past, and the false prophets who have been trying to lead the people astray are all struck dumb." The *World* predicts that "the great Protectionist victory over the border is likely to be followed by a marked revival of the same course in Canada. Our contemporary adds to the above this pertinent observation:

"Protection is the gaining cause and Free Trade the losing cause the civilized world over. If you know of any facts that show the contrary, please mention. And remember, we don't want facts of thirty or forty years ago, but facts of the present time."

Climatic.—Brown—We are going to have some squally weather. Robinson, —Squally weather is what might be expected during the prevalence of Indian summer.

—Nice new English Walnuts at the Eureka Grocery, No. 61, West High Street.

NOTES ON ITALY.

A MINE OF INFORMATION CONDENSED FOR THE BENEFIT OF BUSY READERS.

Italy has an area of 110,620 square miles and a population of about 29,000,000. The capital is Rome.

It is a kingdom, and the King is Humbert I., who was born March 14, 1884, and ascended the throne January 9, 1878, on the death of his father, Victor Emanuel.

The legislative authority rests conjointly in the King and Parliament.

The Parliament consists of two chambers, the Senate and the House of Deputies.

The Senate is composed of the Princes of the Royal house who are of age, and of such other persons as may be appointed by the King.

The house of Deputies are elected by ballot by citizens who are twenty-one years of age, and can read and write, and pay taxes to the amount of four dollars.

Neither Senators or Deputies receive any salary, but are allowed to travel free throughout Italy, by rail or steamer.

Italy is one of the hottest countries in Europe. It presents striking differences of climate and temperature.

The lower classes subsist chiefly on maize and beans, and on wheat made into bread and maccaroni.

The chief product of Italian agriculture is silk.

The great mass of the people of Italy are very poor.

There are men in Italy who earn but 7 cents for a day's work of fourteen hours.

The position of women in Italy has of late years greatly improved. Superior schools for the education of young girls abound, where instruction is given in all the higher branches of study. Many women are writers, teachers, accountants, telegraphers or clerks.

The religion of most of the people is the Roman Catholic.

Religious freedom is permitted in Italy and several Protestant churches of Great Britain and the United States have established themselves there.—*Missionary World.*

Downs' Elixir will cure any cough or cold, no matter of how long standing. At F. L. Green's.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, November 24, 1888.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$1 05
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	1 09
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	50
Oats	25
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5,50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6,20
Flour, wholesale	5,50
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.00

Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A C Moyer & Bro]

Apples, dried, per pound	7
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12½
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	12
Breakfast Bacon	14
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	13
Lard, country, per pound	11
Eggs, per dozen	25
Potatoes, per bushel new	40
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	25
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Buckwheat Flour, per sack	$1 60
Apples, per bushel	50

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Hdqrs JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1,
Department of the Potomac G A R,
Washington, D C, March 15, 1886.
Comrade O'FARRELL Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander

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A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.
Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.
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A Great Country.

Canada, including the British possessions, is an enormous country. It will be remembered that Senator Sherman in a little speech on the Fisheries question, said, "I predict that in ten years Canada will either be in the British Parliament or in the Congress of the United States." This is not relished by some of the Dominion papers, and they would fain show its improbability by an exhibit of the mere territorial greatness of the country in comparison with the United States. Thus Dr. Wild in the Toronto *Advance* says: "I find it very difficult to get the exact area in figures of Canada and the United States. The following, however, will be probably as correct as you can possibly get the same. They certainly will approximate the truth if not exactly so. Canada has 3,610,257 square miles, the United States has 3,026,494 square miles, Alaska 580,107, a total for the United States, including Alaska, of 3,606,601, leaving Canada larger than them both by 3,656 square miles; so that when the vast country shall have received, as I have said, its compliment of the overflowing millions, we have already another country provided by the same kind hand of Providence larger and more fertile upon the whole, and fuller of resources than even that great and prosperous land. On this round globe there is not one-half the area of wheat land unbroken as in the Saskatchewan Valley. Thus we have the very resources of which a vaster population can exist than any one nation on earth. Our country is not only large, but is well located and richly endowed. It is filled with a potency and promise that baffles the shrewdest prophet to forecaste its future. It is difficult for a foreigner to take in the extent of our country or estimate correctly our resources. Some of our Provinces are larger than many of the older countries and nations, territorially. For instance, the area of the Province of Ontario is 186,800 square miles; the area of Great Britain and Ireland is only 121,115, leaving a balance in favor of Ontario of 60,685 square miles.

Population of Pennsylvania.

At the next census, in 1890, it is probable that the population of Pennsylvania will exceed 5,000,000. In 1880 there were 872,800 votes polled in the contest for the Presidency. The census enumeration that year made the number of inhabitants 4,282,891, or 4.9 persons for each voter. This year the total vote for President was 997,786, indicating a population of 4,878,151 upon the ratio of voters to inhabitants in 1880. The increase of population in the two years will be more than enough to swell the total to a round five millions, preserving about the same amount of increase from 1880 to 1890 as that between 1870 and 1880, which was 760,940. In the ten years from 1870 to 1880 the increase of population in the State of New York was 700,112. If Pennsylvania in 1890 shall have kept her pace she will have made a long stride toward a recovery of the lead she lost to New York in 1810.

IT is quite apparent that with a fair and honest count of the vote as polled in the recent election in Virginia and West Virginia, both these states would go to the Harrison column. The political wire pullers of the Bourbon Democracy who control the count in many counties of these states, have however, so manipulated the count as to make each of these states cast a small majority for the Cleveland electors. It is however, a substantial Republican victory and a notice to the Solid South that its power is broken. We believe we have at last seen an end of the "Solid South," a consumation much to be desired for the prosperity, not only of the south itself, but for the restablishment of good will between the sections and a more pefect bond of union between all the states of our glorious union. The solid Democratic South was a menace to the best interest of the country.

HERE is a bit of romance of the campaign. Congressman Owen went to Chicago to work for Harrison's nomination, and was taken sick. During the dangerous illness which followed he was carefully nursed by a lady who happened to be stopping at the same hotel. The Congressman liked the arrangement so much that he was sorry when he found himself getting well. Realizing at last that he couldn't be sick always, he succeeded in getting his nurse to promise that she would marry him. She probably agreed to do so if Harrison was elected, for the wedding has just been celebrated.

A FORCE IN NATIONAL POLITICS.

There was hard fighting all along the line in the Republican campaign for the Presidency this year; but we think it can safely be said that in the contest of ideas and popular education which has just ended THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE fairly surpassed all competitors on the Republican side in the originality, force, and success of its work in behalf of the national ticket. THE TRIBUNE did not make a mistake. Every blow it struck made clearer to men of both parties the absolute impregnability of the Republican position. It certainly set people to thinking, by its broadsides on civil service reform, the tariff, the discriminations of the Cleveland Administration against Union soldiers, its revelation of the drift of wage-earners away from the free trade party, its admirable work for the farmer and for temperance, and the persistency with which it claimed and proved that England desires the defeat of Protection in America. Over 2,300,000 copies of THE TRIBUNE'S political leaflets were circulated during the campaign. If to any Republican newspaper must be awarded the merit of leadership, we doubt if there is one which will contest it with THE TRIBUNE. The paper has proved itself anew to be a practical force in national affairs, as well as devoted champion of Republican ideas. For readers who want a national newspaper, in addition to their home journal [and every one does now], there is none more worthy their perusal than THE TRIBUNE. The prospectus of that paper is printed by us to-day. New subscribers to the Weekly and Semi-Weekly get the paper until January 1, 1890. Among the premiums offered this year are the Waverly Novels, THE TRIBUNE'S excellent "Books of Open-Air Sports," Cooper's Leather Stocking Tales, a variety of standard dollar books, a good shot gun, a good rifle, and a few other articles of standard value. The "Open-Air Sports" book is a fine holiday gift.

SEVENTEEN RULES FOR GOOD HEALTH.

Be regular in your habits.

If possible go to bed at the same hour every night.

Rise in the morning soon after you are awake.

A sponge bath of cold or tepid water should be followed by friction with towel or hand.

Eat plain food.

Begin your morning meal with fruit.

Don't go to work immediately after eating.

Be moderate in the use of liquids at all seasons.

It is safer to filter and boil drinking water.

Exercise in the open air whenever the weather permits.

In malarious districts do your walking in the middle of the day.

Keep the feet comfortable and well protected.

Wear woolen clothing the year round.

See that your sleeping-rooms and living-rooms are well ventilated, and that sewer gas does not enter them.

Brush your teeth at least twice a day, night and morning.

Don't worry; it interferes with the healthful action of the stomach.

You must have interesting occupation in vigorous old age. Continue to keep the brain active. Rest means rust.

Sackville's Junk.

The sale of Lord Sackville's Junk at auction the other day suggests a new and great way to replenish the famished coffers of the Old World's titled sprigs. Lord Sackville's junk netted him a sum that will help very materially to defray the cost of his bridal tour. To be sure he is not needy, but there are many who are, and it is to them that the lesson ought to be profitable. "Covers of dishes." the news dispatches say, "sold for more than the first cost of the entire set to which they belonged." Hundreds of wealthy persons were there and paid high prices for mementoes of his sacked lordship. Nothing sold for less than than a dozen times its real value. As beforesaid, it teaches a lesson that real live lords cannot afford to ignore. Let them box their broken crockery, remnants of stovapipe, hoopskirts, tomato cans, etc., send them to this country; announce a sale of melud so-and-so's effects, and how the sheckels will jingle. The average American millionaire's appreciation of art is just high enough to admire an oyster can through its association with titled glory.

THE FOOL GAME.

The Richmond *States* is ahead of all competitors at the fool-game of boycotting the North because Cleveland has been beaten. It proposes that the South shall draw off from the North in financial affairs and do business within itself, and it actually relates that "one of the most intelligent and prosperous business men of Richmond has withdrawn his custom from a Philadelphia house with which he has dealt for many years," because it subscribed $1,000 to the Republican campaign fund. The *States* recommends that none but Democrats be dealt with. This is the folly of the born fool. Suppose Northern Republicans should adopt a similar policy of retaliation; the South would be strewn with financial carcasses in less than six months.

A BARN RAISING.

A GREAT EVENT IN HALF MOON VALLEY—OTHER LIVELY ITEMS.

GATESBURG, Nov. 26, 1888.

On last Friday, the 23d, Isaac Wry's barn was raised. The raising of this barn was the greatest event of the kind in this county. It was half past 10 o'clock a. m. when the men started out for the first frame. The dimensions of the barn are 40x72 feet with a tea in front 37x40 feet, taking seven frames in all. By half past 5 o'clock p. m. the rafters were all on and the hungry men were ready for supper. Because of the fact that the day was extremely cold many of the men went home in the afternoon.

Joseph S. Myers, who has the contract for building the barn, wishes to return thanks through your paper for the help they rendered on this occasion. He is especially grateful to the men who remained and put the rafters on.

Samuel Harpster, aged 68 years, has no superior as a climber. He was the first one on top and the last one down. You Bellefonte people who have been blowing so much about your new station building must feel exceedingly gratified at the one now being built. Please send it up here as it will be large enough for the grainery of Mr. Wry's barn. The building contains 5,000 lineal feet of hewed timber. If you know of any barn to be raised send to Half Moon Valley for J. S. Myers and he will be accompanied by the same crew that helped him at Wry's. It will be raised in a marevelously quick time.

I almost forgot the most important part and that was the dinner. It was gotten up in excellent style. There was plenty of everything to satisfy the tastes of the large company.

Rev. Warner, the Lutheran minister, preached his farewell sermon on last Sunday in this place.

There will be a Christmas tree in the Lutheran church on Christmas eve. Let everyone take an interest and make this a pleasant time for the children. A pleasing programme has been prepared. Come and make it a success.

John McAlwane shot a fine deer on Monday, the 19th. He also had the sport of dragging it home as he was all alone.

Butchering is all the go. J. K. Rider killed two hogs that tipped the scales at 844 pounds. One of them weighed 478 pounds.

A party of hunters from Tyrone is now roaming over the Barrens. They are welcome to hunt on our hunting ground. All we ask is that your party, Sam, shall leave one or two for us when we get time to hunt.

A bear passed through here a few days ago. His presence occasioned some excitement. These are excellent Nimrods among us, but Bruin came out first best and has disappeared.

The schedule is changed on the Tyrone and Lewisburg railroad. We will not have to travel before daylight to get to the depot. BLIZZARD.

A man who carries an accident insurance policy always feels the safest under all circumstances.

Among the fish stories from the South is one of a 200-pound black bass that sings in the Baptist choir.

A girl never shows her retiring, shrinking nature more markedly than when she has been eating onions.

Lady of the house: "Jane, who is that girl that just left the kitchen?" Jane: "Oh, ma'am, that's the lady what works for the woman across the street."

They have got a hairless cat in Kansas, and the difference between the Kansas man's tie and the feline is, that one is a careless hat and the other as above.

"When the leaves begin to turn" probably has reference to the first of the year, when every man talks of turning over a new leaf.

"You naturally expect plane talk from a carpenter," suggested the horse editor. "Yes," assented the snake editor, "and he ought to be quite familiar with old saws."

"Amarintha, in accepting me you have made me immeasurably happy."

"I am to glad to know it, Arthur. You are not in the least superstitious, are you?"

"No, darling. Why do you ask?"

"Because you are the 13th man to propose to me this Summer."

THE idea of consuming breadstuffs in the West instead of paying out so large a part of their value to send them to an Eastern market, is a growing one in the West. To this end in nearly every town in the Western States and territories all sorts of inducements are being proffered to manufacturers to locate. It is the growing belief that instead of offering a missionary field for tariff smashers, the great Northwest is the most promising section in the country for the cultivation of the protection policy.

The people's remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the old reliable. Price 25 cts.

To promptly and permaneutly cure rheumatism or neuralgia use Salvation Oil. Price 25 cents.

The Golden Gate Special.

The Union and Central Pacific roads and Pullman Company, put on, December 5, a weekly train of Pullman Vestibule Cars to run between Council Bluffs and San Francisco. Steam heat, electric light, separate bath rooms for ladies and gentlemen, barber shop, observation and smoking rooms, and a female attendant for ladies and children make it "The finest train in the World."

Fare between Council Bluffs and San Francisco, including everything—Ticket, berth, and meals—will be $100.00.

The Population of Bellefonte

Is about 5,000, and we should say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00 Trial size free. Sold by all druggist.

WINKLEMAN'S SEDATIVE TEETHING BALSAM.—An unfailing remedy. Allaying all pain and promptly facilitating the process of teething in children. Unsurpassed for the instant relief of toothache. 25c. a bottle. At druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

J H WINKLEMAN & CO., Prop's,
Baltimore, Md.

—A brakeman named George Botwright was found dead along the track of the Tyrone and Clearfield railroad near Houtzdale Tuesday morning. His neck was broken and it is supposed he fell or was thrown from his train. He was a new man on the road, having been employed only a week or two ago, and had his home at Philipsburg.

—Mr. Reuben Lamb, who is employed in the Cuba mines near Philipsburg, met with a peculiar accident the other day, one of his ears being torn nearly off.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, November 28, 1888.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$1 09
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	1 08
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	50
Oats	25
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5.50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6.20
Flour, wholesale	5.75
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.00

Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A C Moyer & Bro]

Apples dried, per pound	7
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12½
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	12
Breakfast Bacon	14
Country Bacon	10
Lard leaf, per pound	13
Lard, country, per pound	11
Eggs, per dozen	25
Potatoes per bushel new	40
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	20
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	25
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Buckwheat Flour, per sack	$1 [illegible]
Apples, per bushel	50

ST. JACOBS OIL

REMEDY FOR PAIN

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

"I concur in the glowing tributes paid by turfmen to the unsurpassed merits of St. Jacobs Oil."

Col. D. FERGUSON, Late Secretary Maryland Jockey Club, Baltimore, Maryland.

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THE VIRGINIA HEIRESS, by May Agnes Fleming
SIBYL'S INFLUENCE, by Georgie Sheldon
THE HOUSE OF SECRETS, by Mrs Harriet Lewis

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ROSAMOND, by Mrs Alex McVeigh Miller.

The price of the above books is 25 cents each, unless otherwise specified, and will be sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Mention this paper.

STREET & SMITH, Pub'rs, N. Y.

Scribner's Magazine

FOR 1889

The publishers of SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE aim to make it the most popular and enterprising of periodicals, while at all times preserving its high literary character. 25,000 new readers have been drawn to it during the past six months by the increased excellence of its contents (notably the Railway articles), and it closes its second year with a new impetus and an assured success. The illustrations will show some new effects, and nothing to make SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE attractive and interesting will be neglected.

THE RAILROAD ARTICLES will be continued by several very striking papers; one especially interesting by Ex-Postmaster-General Thomas L. James on 'The Railway Postal Service.'
ILLUSTRATED

Mr. Robert Louis Stevenson's serial novel, "The Master of Ballantrae," will run through the greater part of the year.
BEGUN IN NOVEMBER

A CORRESPONDENCE and collection of manuscript memoirs relating to J F Millet and a famous group of modern **French Paintings** will furnish the substance of several articles.
ILLUSTRATED

The brief end papers written last year by Robt. Louis Stevenson, will be replaced by equally interesting contributions by different famous authors. Mr Thomas Bailey Aldrich will write the first of them for the January number.

Many valuable **LITERARY ARTICLES** will appear; a paper on Walter Scott's Methods of Work, illustrated from original MSS., a second "Shelf of Old Books," by Mrs James T Fields, and many other articles equally noteworthy.
ILLUSTRATED

Articles on **ART SUBJECTS** will be a feature. Papers are arranged to appear by Clarence Cook, E H Blashfield, Austin Dobson and many others
ILLUSTRATED

FISHING ARTICLES describing sport in the best fishing grounds will appear. Salmon, Winnanish, Bass, and Tarpon are the subjects now arranged. The authors are well known sportsmen
ILLUSTRATED

ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES of great variety, touching upon all manner of subjects, travel, biography, description, etc., will appear but not of the conventional commonplace sort
ILLUSTRATED

Among the most interesting in the list of scientific papers for the year will be a remarkable article by Prof. John Trowbridge, upon the most recent developments and uses of **Photography.**
ILLUSTRATED

A class of articles which has proved of special interest will be continued by a group of papers upon **ELECTRICITY** in its most recent applications, by eminent authorities; a remarkable paper on **DEEP MINING**, and other interesting papers. Unique illustrations.

A SPECIAL OFFER to cover last year's numbers, which include all the RAILWAY ARTICLES, as follows:

A year's subscription (1888) and the numbers for 1888 ..... $4 50
A year's subscription (1889) and the numbers for 1888, bound in cloth $6 00

$3.00 a year; 25 cents a number.

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS,

743—745 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Soap at the "Eureka!"

(The Romans considered soap to be a Celtic invention). This well known material, according to Pliny, first become known to the Romans by their conquest of Gaul. There are some notices of it in the English version of the Bible, but it is believed that the words *borith* and *nether*, there rendered soap, really mean potash and soda.

In this country and in the northern part of Europe, Hard soap is made from tallow, cotton seed oil, palm oil, bone greese, and kitchen fat, by boiling the solution with caustic soda. The only other ingredient of consequence is rosin the residuum of the distilation of rough turpentine. There have been numerous patents taken out for improvement in soap making, some are excellent but many and perhaps most of them, are more for the purpose of cheapening by the addition of various articles to soap in its semi fluid state than of improving its quality. There are soaps that are used for medicinal purposes, but as we do not deal in that particular kind we will not speak of them at this time. Of the soaps to be found at the Eureka Grocery we can mention a long list and all of them are good for the price. Among those which sell the most readily are Buffalo soap manufactured by R. W. Bell & Co. of Buffalo, New York. Of course the manufacturer says it is the "best in the market," and in our own judgment it is a good article, it sells for five cents a bar.

Then there is the Atlantic German, also a five cent bar, manufactured by the same firm and well worth the money.

Also the "Excelsior," a five cent soap by same manufacturer.

The Ivory and Oline are soaps of a higher grade, they are good but have been so much advertised that we need not dwell on them at length. One of the most popular soaps we have is the "Tom, Dick and Harry." This soap is put up in packages, three cakes in a package and sells for ten cents, a little over three cents a cake, and every cake is as large as the ordinary five cent cakes. The manufacturer says This soap is made from the finest selected material. It is especially adapted for Laundry, kitchen and general Household Use. It is guaranteed to be perfectly and absolutely pure.

"It will float."

It will wash in hot or cold water. It makes the clothes perfectly white and clean. Being based upon an entirely new discovery, it is the cheapest and most economical soap ever made.

We will add that if the above is absolutely true it is indeed a cheap soap.

One evidence that it is good is the fact that it sells, and the buyers come again for it week after week, those who use it tell us that it is a very good article. We sell Hundreds of packages of this soap and have about half a car load now on the way to supply present needs. We never knew until we got into this business that the people of Centre County used so much soap; we are confident now that all are trying to keep clean, that the war against dirt is carried on vigorously every day by our people.

To return to five cent soaps we will mention, Floating soap, Besion, Lenox Hector, Bon Voyage, Babbitt, Mechanics Pride, a floating tar soap especially adapted to the use of Mechanics of all trades, it is "death on dirt."

Just here we will speak of Grandpas Wonder soap of which the Mechanic's Pride mentioned above is a counterfeit, and like all imitations is of course not as good as the original THE first is a five cent article, the last costs two times as much. The first is recommended by its makers to be as good as the last, yet the first is sold to the retail merchant so he can sell it for half the price of the last and make more money on the sale. The first however we consider well worth the price asked for it, the last is as good as can be, a good article for Machinists, Engineers, Firemen, Foundry men, Miners, Coal Handlers, Printers, Painters, Farmers, &c It will make the skin soft. Will cure chapped hands. Will remove dandruff. Will keep the hair from falling out. Will remove tar or greese from silks or woolen fabrics. It is a vegetable oil soap. Lathers freely in the hardest water.

We will now speak of SOAPS FOR CLEANING METALS. We have Days sand soap, an excellent article for scouring. It has a large sale, of course it scratches for it has sand in it, but the Daisy soap for brightening metals is *The Modoc*. This is truly a wonder in this particular. We have tried its merits and it is first class, but good as it is we do not think it will brighten up a tarnished character. The manufacturer says it is the only combined soap cleaner and polisher in the market.

Why you should use it!

1. Because it works easier, quicker and better on Paints, Varnish, Fine surface work, tal [illegible] mmings, Gold, Silver, Base Tin, Nckel plate without scratcors, injury than any other compound ever manufactured,

2. Because it is a splendid *Toilet* soap, leaving the skin soft and smooth.

3 Because it is best and cheapest for general household use and for all purposes.

One word more on soap and we are done. There was a great rush of soap agents last week and just as we thought the supply was exausted who should pop in on us but J.C. Weaver with a bar of soap in his pocket manufactured at Erie, Pa., by the, elder Swalley, the father of our friend who so lately occupied the position of secretary to the Y. M. C. A. here at Bellefonte. According to Weaver this soap just "takes the cake;" there is nothing like it in the market, it is called "Sea Foam" and they who wash with it will become "whiter than snow," yes, "whiter than snow." We are not so sure that this will not wash a blackened character pure and white. After we got over our surprise at seeing our friend Weaver in the soap business we gave him an order for soap. We are satisfied that those who see this soap will be pleased with it. It is a beautiful article for the toilet. At the Eureka we have everything as well as soap, all kinds of groceries fresh and new.

New goods received every day. Call and see our stock.

Eureka Grocery Co.
No. 61, West High St.
Bellefonte, Pa.

OUR WINTER STOCK IS IN AND THERE NEVER WAS SUCH AN IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS BROUGHT TO BELLEFONTE.

We Have Made Special Efforts to Have Full Stocks in Every Department. We Can Show You the

BIGGEST LINE OF MEN'S OVERCOATS.

Consisting in Total of about 1000 and about 75 different styles.

Men's Dark Plaid and Dark Gray Overcoats at $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $4.00.

Men's Heavy Storm Overcoats, Plush Collars, Astrachan Collars and Plain Collars, at $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00.

Men's Heavy Storm Overcoats, Blantyns and Heavy Chinchillas, at $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $8.50.

Men's Light and Dark Dress Overcoats, Satin faced and Satin lined, in Brown Mixed Meltons, Drab Mixed Meltons, Mixed Kerseys, Plain Kerseys, Mixed Cassimeres, Browns, Drabs, Blacks, Olives, at $6.00, $6.50, $7.00, $7.50, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00.

Men's Black Corkscrews and Diagonal Overcoats, Plain & Satin Faced, $5.00 $5.50, $6,00, $6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $10,00, $12,00, $15,00, &c.

MEN'S BLACK BEAVER COATS, ALL PRICES.

CHILD'S Overcoats, Fancy Styles. The Handsomest Assortment ever seen in Bellefonte, Plain or Striped or Barred, with Cape or without Cape, Big Collars, Little Collars, Astrachan Trimmed or Plain, $1.50, $2.00 $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 and $8.00.

BOYS' OVERCOATS, just as Many Styles and Varieties, $2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, and $10.00

125 Styles of Ladies Coats, Short or Long,

In Colors Light or Dark or Black, Barred, Striped or Plain, in Meltons, Corkscrews, Black Beavers, Diagonals, Jersey Cloths, Prices $1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, $10.00.

100 Styles of Ladies Long Coats in Beautiful Stripe or Plaids, with Cape or without Cape, Angel Sleeves, Flowing Sleeves, Plain Sleeves or Trimmed Sleeves. Colors—Black, Brown, Cold Stripes, Fancy Stripes, Neat Checks, Big Plaid, with Cape or no Cape, Belts or no Belts, Loose Front or Tight Fitting, Prices $3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00 and $15.00.

LYON & CO

LADIES MODJESKAS, a New design for a short coat. A Beautiful Stylish Coat. Handsomer than a wrap. More convenient to use your arms and better fitting than a wrap. Handsomely trimmed in Plush balls, Astrachan balls, Astrachan Spikes, &c. Prices $4.50, 5.00. 5.50 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00, 12.00, 15.00.

SEAL PLUSH JACKETS AND COATS, from $11.00 to $30.00.

SEAL PLUSH MODJESKAS, from $11 00 to $30.00

A BIG LINE OF PLUSH COATS, JACKETS AND MODJESKAS.

—The nights are dark.

—Good weather to slip up and fall down.

—The squeal of the porker is heard in the land.

—Where is the individual who don't feel thankful?

—The storm was a general one throughout the country.

—The cases in court attract a great deal of attention

—Bellefonte is a favorite place of resort for traveling men on Sunday.

—Apples are plentiful and there is nothing better or more healthful.

—We did not notice Judge Munson, of Philipsburg, on the bench on Monday.

—It is reported that there are numerous cases of diphtheria in Eagleville, this county.

—The sheriff sales took place on Monday in front of the court house, James Derr being the auctioneer.

—The days are becoming so short that we cannot compare them to anything else except the money in our pocketbook.

—Will the quartette which sang so sweetly for the Y. M. C. A. anniversary render music for the Star course of lectures?

—Lock Haven is to have Ralph Bingham, the boy orator, on the third of December. Ralph is now seventeen years of age.

—At present the best building in Bellefonte in which to give elevating entertainments is the Presbyterian Chapel. Let's have some.

—The boys had a pleasant time coasting on Monday, many of them being extremely jubilant over the advent of the first snow for coasting.

—Part of the stock of Joseph Brother's dry good store consists of bandana handkerchiefs which Emil Joseph says are beneficial for sore eyes.

—Residents of Curtin street want more light. There is a greater distance between lights on that thoroughfare than in any other part of the town.

—The finishing touches seem to be in progress to the store rooms in Crider's building. Mr. Montgomery, Mr. Moyer and Mr. Harper will be among the occupants.

—Some brilliant lady suggests to us that whether Rev. Russell H. Conwell is a brilliant man or not he certainly has, in "Acres of Diamonds," a very brilliant subject.

—The skating rink is to be open two nights of each week. The first night will be on Thanksgiving. Company B, N. G. of Pa., will have it in charge and the Bellefonte Band will be present.

—Adjutant General Hastings let drop a remark on Saturday which indicates that an effort will be made to take the entire military force of Pennsylvania to New York next April on the occasion of the big celebration in that city.

—During the time of 40 hours devotion in the Roman Catholic church here Revs. Father Gormley, Father Seibert and Father Benton have been assisting Rev. P. McArdle in the services. Father Benton delivered an excellent temperance sermon in the church on Monday evening.

—The cashier of the New York *Daily News* has absconded with $10,000. When we read this we were sorry that the cashier of the New York *Daily News* behaved so badly, bnt were glad that the cashier of the Bellefonte *Daily News* had not followed his examples. We could not spare $10,000 just now.

Proceedings of Court.

There was a large attendance at Court on Monday.

David Rhinesmith was appointed foreman of the Grand Jury.

Infants seemed to be plentiful in court and their plaintive wail ascended to the ceiling of the court room, relieving the monotony while the lawyers were awaiting the trial of a case in which Mr. Kurtz, editor of the *Centre Reporter*, was plaintiff and the Hon. Leonard Rhone defendant.

Mr. Kurtz, who by the way has been in the printing business since he was eight years old, supported Mr. Rhone for the legislature in 1884 and in 1886. The action, we believe, was for services rendered Mr. Rhone in these campaigns. The services for which he claims pay are for tickets printed and for complimentary notices in the *Reporter*. Spangler and Fortney were counsel for Mr. Kurtz and Orvis, Bower and Orvis for Mr Rhone.

The Kurtz case occupied all this morning. Mr. Bower argued for Mr Rhone and D. F. Fortney for Mr. Kurtz. Each gentleman made a strong speech.

The bill sent by Mr. Kurtz was for $43. Mr. Rhone considered this bill too large and sent from Harrisburg a check for $20. This Mr. Kurtz returned to Mr. Rhone, and brought the action to collect the entire amount of the bill. The point was brought out that Mr. Rhone could scarcely be considered a Democrat as he had probably never voted the Democratic ticket, and it was extremely difficult to impress the Democrats with the conviction that Mr. Rhone belonged to that party.

The Judge, in his charge, said that no money could be received except upon contract express or implied. Then the Judge explained the difference between express and implied contracts. Was there a contract in this case? If the request for support referred to Mr. Kurtz's individual support there could not be a recovery for that would be contrary to the spirit of the law. It was for the jury to determine whether the request was for Mr. Kurtz' individual support or for that of his paper—the *Centre Reporter*. The Judge inferred that from the nature of things the paper cannot recover for articles printed in it. As one of the things a newspaper can recover the Judge instanced the printing of tickets. He told the Jury that on these cases of political bearing the jurors must not allow political proclivities to bias their judgment, but the law and evidence given.

The jury refused to give Mr. Kurtz a verdict.

Guilty or not Guilty.

Hon. Chester A. Munson made his appearance on the bench on Tuesday and completed the handsome and heavy judicial trio. Several Commonwealth cases were disposed of.

Samuel Watkins pleaded guilty to horse stealing.

The Overseers of the poor, of Spring Township had been indicted for neglect of and aged man named Abram Florey who was under their charge. Albert Smeltzer and David Rhinesmith were the defendents. The jury brought in a verdict this (Wednesday) morning, David Rhinesmith being not guilty, but Albert Smeltzer guilty. The Judge said that he believed that guilt was in consequence of ignorance of the duties of overseer. He promised that on condition of a change in the treatment of the aged man sentence would not be imposed.

Commonwealth vs. Patrick Ward, Jr., and Patrick Ward, Sr., charged with stealing logs from Doctor Stewart, of Snow Shoe. A verdict of not guilty was rendered because the evidence did not show that the defendant was guilty of the offense charged.

This (Wednesday) morning the case of Commonwealth against Catharine Haas, for illegal selling of liquor, was called for trial. Col. D. S. Keller assisted the District Attorney in trying this case.

We learn that she was found guilty and sentenced to fine and imprisonment.

Laxador never causes nausea, griping or weakness, and can be taken at any time without inconvenience. Price only 25 cents a package.

Babies are *the* institution and should be guarded from attacks of colic, flatulence, etc., by Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Mr. Einstetter (in the bosom of his family)—"How mooch mein liddle Davit loaf he's fader—heh?"

Little Dick—"Von hundert per tend no discound, fasd golors, mit exchanche on Lohndon!"

Mr. Einstetter (in an agony of filial love—"Ach! mein fad r's own chranston, say dot agains!"

I Don't Want Relief, but Cure,

is the exclamation of thousands suffering faom catarrh. To all such we say: Catarrh can be cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It has been done in thousands of cases; why not in yours? Your danger is in delay. Enclose a stamp to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for pamphlet on this disease.

Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood, strengthens the lungs and invigorates the whole system.

A old ledger has recently been brought to light in Edinburg, Scotland. It belonged to a merchant of the sixteenth century. At the top of the inside board the bookkeeper inscribed these words; "God blis this bnik and keip me and it honest."

The worst feature about catarrh is its dangerous tendency to consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures catarrh by purifying the blood.

"Sir," said the surgeon-general, "there's cholera in the port."

"Well, sir," roared the viceroy, "serve sherry then."

Catarrh

May affect any portion of the body where the mucous membrane is found. But catarrh of the head is by far the most common, and the most liable to be neglected. It cannot be cured by local applications. Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the catarrh, and soon effects a permanent cure. At the same time Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system, and makes one feel renewed in strength and health. If you suffer from catarrh, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Ringing Noises

Impure Blood

"I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh, and received great relief and benefit from it. The catarrh was very disagreeable, especially in the winter, causing constant discharge from my nose, ringing noises in my ears, and pains in the back of my head. The effort to clear my head in the morning by hawking and spitting was painful. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me relief immediately, while in time I was entirely cured. I am never without the medicine in my house as I think it is worth its weight in gold." MRS. G. B. GIBB, 1029 Eighth St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures Catarrh

"I was troubled with that annoying disease, nasal catarrh, and never found relief till I took Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. L. ROUTT, Marksburg, Ky. N. B. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

All about Iron.

Iron, which is the great product of this section, has been known from the earliest ages. We find it incidentably mentioned in the Bible, first, when it is said in the fourth chapter of Geneses, that Tubalcain was "an instructor of every artificer in brass and iron." The mere fact that it is thus casually mentioned proves that it was no new thing at that early period, and that the people were then well acquainted with its use.

We have no information as to when and how this valuable metal was first obtained by man. Prehistoric man used copper and bronze before he discovered iron. And even after the discovery of iron he made little use of it, because the ores of the former metals could be reduced more easily than those of iron.

It is supposed that the iron mines of Spain have been worked, "at least ever since the times of the later Jewish kings, first by the Trojans, next by the Carthaginians, then by the Romans, and lastly by the natives of the country."

The metal was very generally introduced into Greece about 500 B. C., by the Chalybes. These people lived along the Black sea and were noted workers in iron and steel. From them is derived the term "chalybeate water," a name applied to water holding iron in solution.

Commercial iron of all sorts, no matter under what form we see it, is never pure iron. It is always associated with small quantities of other minerals, such as carbon, silicon, manganese, sulphur, etc. After all these impurities have been removed in the laboratory there remains a sample of pure iron. Thus obtained it is a brilliant silver white metal, softer than wrought iron, strongly magnetic, and capable of receiving a high polish.

It has been asserted that iron occurs native in some basalt, a variety of igneous rock. Those who announce this discovery claim to have found some microscopic grains of iron in the rock. But the grains are so minute and so few that no very satisfactory tests can be applied. Hence the claim is not fully established.

In other words, metallic iron as a natural formation of our earth has never been discovered.

We do find it, however, in sections, but they are celestial visitors and not "of the earth." Meteors, in addition to the iron of which they are largely composed, contain considerable amounts of different mineral; nickle is always an important constituent. Meteoric iron is malleable and can be worked in a forge and finished into all the shapes for which manufactured iron can be used.

Merchantable iron, as we are familiar with it, falls under these heads; wrought iron, steel and cast iron.

Wrought iron is the purest of the three. It is very malleable and tough, and breaks with a splitting fracture. It contains a very small per cent of carbon, sometimes less than one-half of one per cent. and traces of other foreign bodies.

Both sulphur and phosphorus, found in many ores, are only wholly expelled with great difficulty. Hence wrought iron may contain either or both of these substances. The presence of sulphur makes the iron brittle while hot, or "hot short." Phosphorus, on the other hand, makes the iron brittle when cold, or "cold short."

Steel is iron containing .6 to 2 per cent of carbon. The presence of that amount of carbon makes the metal hard, crystalline and elastic.

Cast iron contains from .2 to 6 per cent of carbon. It is hard and brittle. Steel is then a variety of iron intermediate, as to its composition, between wrought iron and cast iron.

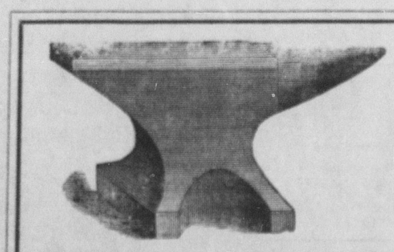
WE SELL The New Perfect RANGES, Susquehanna, Lady Washington, and many other styles of Cook Stoves.

H. A. McKEE & BRO.

SOLE Agency for CENTRE CO. for the SOUTH BEND Chilled Plows and Repairs.

We shall do our utmost to please you. We have experienced men in our employ. We have added largely to our stock and especially ask you to patronize the new firm.

HARDWARE!



We claim to carry the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE LINE of Hardware, in all its details, of any one store in this county, and we sell goods low.

HARDWARE!

WOLF'S HAND MADE TINWARE You know what that means.

H. A. McKEE & BRO.

THE ONLY PLACE in town that PURE MIXED PAINT is sold.

DR H B LIVINGSTONE, DENTIST, (Office in Hess property) PINE GROVE MILLS, PA. (Formerly of Huntingdon.) All kinds of Dental work attended to in the most skillful manner. The patronage of the people of Pine Grove Mills and vicinity solicited. 20 47 2m

AGENTS WANTED.—Permanent employment and good salary or commission. Address, A. D. PRATT, Nurseryman, Rochester, N Y. 20 46 4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Orphan's Court of Centre County. In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Musselman, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator, to and among those legally entitled to receive the same hereby gives notice that he will meet all parties in interest at his office in Bellefonte, on Wednesday, December 12, 1888, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purposes of his appointment, when and where all persons interested may appear if they see proper. C. P. HEWES, 20 46 3t Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Mrs. Eve McBride, late of College twp. deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to

ANGELINE McBRIDE Executrix. Bellefonte, Pa.

Oct. 18, 1888. 6 times

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Henderson, late of Taylor township, Centre county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, duly authenticated for settlement to

DARIUS WAITE, Administrator, Hastings & Reeder, Bellefonte, Pa. Attorneys. 20 43 6t

EXECUTOR'S SALE—Of valuable farm property. The executor's will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1888,

at 1 o'clock p. m. the property known as the Hasson Farm, located in Harris township, and belonging to estate of the late John Hasson. It consists of 176 acres, 150 acres of which is cleared. It is excellent farming land. There is located thereon a log, weather boarded dwelling house, good barn and all the usual outbuildings. A stream of fresh running water flows through the farm.

TERMS:—One half cash, balance in one and two year payments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

W P HASSON, Lemont P. O., W W LEECH, Boalsburg P. O. 20 44 5t* Executors.

FROM THE HUNTER'S CAMP.

They Shoot a Porcupine and Wade Through mud and Snow.

QUEEN CITY MILL, WARREN CO., PA., November 18, '88.

MR. EDITOR:

Something about the place to which hunters from your county came and the adventures they met with will be of interest to you. They came here with the expectation of finding everything in a lovely, pie-like condition, money growing on the trees and lying along the roadside. But, alas! that was not what they found.

They did not reach the place easily. They went ten miles round for a near cut. When they reached a camp where the workmen were weaving shingles and making square timber they found they were six miles from the place they desired to go to. Then the back track was followed three or four miles until they came to a tree marked P. B.Crider. Here again they got onto a wrong road which they pursued about three miles. If they had not been properly directed by a man whom they met they would doubtless have gone on to Tidionte.

There they have been during four weeks. It has rained nearly every day since they came and the mud is knee deep. When it is not raining it is snowing. During sixty days only seven or eight of them have been without storm.

At one time they were going to play smash with the coons and bears. They started to the woods at night with guns and all kinds of deadly weapons. After tramping around for several hours their dog treed what they supposed was a coon, but when the General of the party had given the command and they commenced to fire, the coon came tumbling down. It was one with quills. Then the General declared he never saw a coon with fur that jagged a person's fingers, and he ordered the head to be taken off at once, for they were dangerous. Then the command was to reload and to make double-quick time out of the woods, for fear of encountering other coons of the same kind.

On the night of the 11th he mustered up courage again and went with guns, axes and lanterns. The General and two others composed the party. The lantern was to keep off the wild animals, which would not come near the light. They wandered around until eleven o'clock and then came across a farm house where they stayed during the night. It was 1 o'clock next day when they returned. A member of our party returned to Centre county to learn the result of the election.

PORKEY HUNTER

Now a Popular Flower.

The growth of the public appreciation of the chrysanthemum is almost as remarkable as the surprising development of these flowers. Families everywhere are learning that it is desirable to possess at least two or three of these peculiar plants. As to the development of the plant itself, into new shapes and hues, it seems wonderful, and suggests endless possibilities. Many remember the neglected old artemisia of the country garden fifty years ago. Who ever supposed, then, that little regarded cousin of the common wormwood, the sunflower and the marigold, with its small and not very attractive flowers, would ever be so variously and gorgeously developed? Even a dozen years ago a chrysanthemum flower that measured four or five inches in diameter was a wonder. Now we see these flowers eight and nine inches in diameter, and of wonderfully beautiful form and colors; and many of the standard plants reach a height of six feet.—*Williamsport Bulletin.*

It would be Well—

To permit President-elect Harrison to select his own cabinet.

To sweep last summer's flies from the post office show windows.

To patronize the M. E. fair and festival.

To have a gymnasium under the care of the Y. M. C. A.

To help the poor people of Bellefonte during this winter.

To start up the car works as cars are in demand.

To prepare for a very cold winter and then if the weather is mild you will be agreeably disappointed.

To help along this fine old town in every way that is possible.

—The *Watchman* could not have selected an individual for criticism to whom such criticism is less applicable than Mr. Samuel Shaffer of this place. It accuses him of all the worst political offenses of which the veriest politician would be guilty. Mr. Shaffer is a true Republican and this is, of course, the real reason for the *Watchman's* denunciation. But people are so well acquainted with Mr. Shaffer and the *Watchman's* habit of vilifying all who work in the interest of the Republican party that very few people will give the abusive article a second thought.

—Among the improvements made or needed in Madisonburg are, first the new iron fence which Reuben Grimm has built in front of his property and a walk from the Evangelical parsonage to the lower end of the town, which will be built if sufficient funds can be raised for that purpose.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As **a laxative, alterative, or purgative,** these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza,** and **Catarrhal Headache.** Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

PROF. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of *Ithaca, N. Y.*, writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."

THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2908 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.

ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

MASON & HAMLIN

The cabinet organ was introduced in its present form by Mason & Hamlin in 1861. Other makers followed in the manufacture of these instruments, but the Mason & Hamlin Organs have always maintained their supremacy as the best in the world.

Mason & Hamlin offer, as demonstration of the unequalled excellence of their organs, the fact that at all of the great World's Exhibitions, since that of Paris, 1867, in competition with best makers of all countries, they have invariably taken the highest honors. ORGANS Illustrated catalogues $22 TO $900. free.

Mason & Hamlin do not hesitate to make the extraordinary claim for their pianos, that they are superior to all others. They recognize the high excellence achieved by other leading makers in the art of piano building, but still claim superiority. This they attribute solely to the remarkable improvement introduced by them in the year 1882, and now known as the "MASON & HAMLIN PIANO STRINGER," by the use of which is secured the greatest possible purity and refinement of tone, together with greatly increased capacity for standing in tune and other important advantages. PIANOS STAND A HIGHER

A circular, containing testimonials from three hundred purchasers, musicians, and tuners, sent, together with descriptive catalogue, to any applicant.

Pianos and Organs sold for cash or easy payments; also rented.

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BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

WANTED MAN To take the agency of our Safes: size 28x18x18 inches; weight 500 lbs.; retail price $35; other sizes in proportion. A rare chance and permanent business. These Safes meet a demand never before supplied by other Safe companies, as we are not governed by the Safe Pool. Address
ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. LET GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

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The oldest and best institution for obtaining a Business Education. We have successfully prepared thousands of young men for the active duties of life. For Circulars address,
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His Last & Crowning Life Work.

Dr. Chase's Third, Last and Complete Receipt Book and Household Physician, or the Book for the Million, contains nearly 900 pages and sells for $2.25 in cloth binding and $1.50 in imported oil cloth, marble edge, and is justly by him called **'THE CROWNING WORK OF MY LIFE.'** It is the result of over half a century's observation, study and experience. Yet this embodies no compilation of his former books, IT IS WHOLLY A NEW BOOK. If 30 years ago he could produce a book that has had a sale of over fifteen hundred thousand copies, and has made his name familiar in nearly every English-speaking home in the United States, Canada, and South America, what KIND of a book could or would he produce as his Crowning Life Work, WITH MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS OF ADDITIONAL PRACTICE AND EXPERIENCE? The book itself answers the question, and is the most valuable production in the history of book publishing.

The Book is published in both English and German.

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F. B. DICKERSON & CO.,
25 6mo Detroit, Mich.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., November 19, 1888:

Miss Lizzie Albright, Miss Eliza Bowes, Mrs. James Caldwell, Peter Dolen, John Hannon, Miss Abbie Kelley, Alfred Osman, Sigmon Schwager, David Steveson, Miss Mary Stover.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottle free at W C Keplinger & Co's Drug Store.

—The *Gazette* of Lewistown wants Dr. Atkinson, of that place, to be the next Republican candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. One of its reasons is Dr. Atkinson's constantly increasing strength and popularity. He has been in congress four terms, elected by the following majorities: In 1882, 730; in 1884, 3090; in 1886, 3,274, and this year 4,716. This is the strongest kind of a certificate of ability and fitness and we cordially welcome the popular Doctor to the list of candidates.

WINKLEMAN'S SEDATIVE TEETHING BALSAM.—An unfailing remedy. Allaying all pain and promptly facilitating the process of teething in children. Unsurpassed for the instant relief of toothache. 25c. a bottle. At druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
J H WINKLEMAN & CO., Prop's,
Baltimore, Md.

—The days are growing very perceptibly shorter. The cold winds of the wintry season are beginning to howl about our premises and play havoc with the window shutters. Overcoats, furs and wraps are appearing rapidly, and the soul of the wood and coal dealer is made glad. The old habitues of the stores find an easy and comfortable nook beside the stove, and yarns are spun and adventures related with all the zest of old.

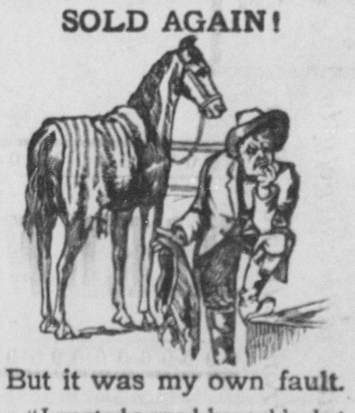
The Handsomest Lady in Bellefonte

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when others had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merits, any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50c and $1.

Sad and Sudden Death of Mr. John L. Musser.

It is a very painful duty to record the sudden, sad and fatal accident to the venerable John L. Musser, who lived in Pine Grove, which occurred on Wednesday of this week. He fell from the hay mow in his barn, alighting on his head, causing death instantly. Mr. Musser was about 75 years of age and was held in the highest respect by his friends and neighbors.

SOLD AGAIN!



But it was my own fault.

"I wanted a good horse blanket and was told this was 'just as good' as a 5/4 Blanket. Next time I won't forget to look for this 5/4 Trade Mark sewed inside.

The 5/4 Extra Test Horse Blanket combines in a remarkable manner warmth, strength and beauty. Ask your dealer for either the 5/4 Extra Test, or one of the following 5/4 Horse Blankets:

5/A Five Mile.
Has Five Miles of Warp Threads.

5/A Boss Stable.
Strongest Horse Blanket Made.

5/A Electric.
Just the thing for Out-Door Use.

5/A Extra Test.
Something New, Very Strong.

30 other styles
At prices to suit everybody.

5/A

For sale by all dealers.
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Miscellaneous

My Poor Back!

That "poor back" is held responsible for more than its share of the sufferings of mankind. If your dog bites a man who kicks it, do you blame the dog? On the same principle the kidneys utter their protest against nervousness, impure blood, and resulting constipation. These force them to do extraordinary work in ridding the system of the poisons which are the result of effete matter retained in the blood. Then the sufferer says the back aches; the kidneys are diseased. "Not yet;" but they will be unless the nerves are strengthened, the blood purified, and the constipation removed. These are the causes of kidney troubles, and Paine's Celery Compound removes them quickly. With its tonic, purifying, and laxative effect, it also strengthens the weak kidneys, making it almost infallible in curing all diseases of the nerves and kidneys. If your hopes of cure have not been realized, try Paine's Celery Compound; it gives perfect health to all who complain of "their poor backs." *Price $1.00.*

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WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors,
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GUN MANUFACTORY
All Kinds of Tools and Dies Made to Order
Gun Repairing a Specialty.
The Largest and Finest Stock of FIRE ARMS in the City
SPORTING GOODS of all Kinds. FINE POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY A SPECIALTY.
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STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 20th, 1888.

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1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
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3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
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5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
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7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
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9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

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8-4t

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TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best
Cough Medicine.
If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of safety, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.
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All Special Diseases, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Early Decay, Pimples, Ulcers, Melancholy, Loss of Memory, etc. Acute cases 4-10 days. Relief at once. Send for book Truth, sent free. Hours, 9-4, 6-9. Wed. & Sat. 9-1, till 10, Sun. till 1. European Hospital Experience
WARNING TO ALL SUFFERERS. Before placing yourself under any one's treatment write to me for the exposure of quacks, unscrupulous Physicians, and those pretending to being specialists; it will be more than wealth to you.

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FOR STEEP OR FLAT ROOFS
CAN BE PUT ON BY ANY PERSON.
THOUSANDS OF ROLLS SOLD ANNUALLY FOR BUILDINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SEND FOR NEW CIRCULAR, CONTAINING PRICE LIST AND REFERENCES.
AGENTS WANTED.
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SOLE MANUFACTURERS.
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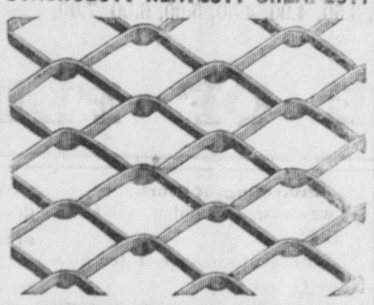
CANNS KIDNEY CURE.
For Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver diseases. Cure guaranteed. Office, 831 ARCH St., Philadelphia. All druggists. Try it. $1 a bottle, six for $5. 20 13 1y

SOMETHING NEW FOR FENCES!
STRONGEST! NEATEST! CHEAPEST!



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MADE FROM STEEL PLATES FOR
LAWN OR FARM FENCES
WINDOW GUARDS, TRELLISES,
LATHING FOR BUILDINGS, ETC.
It can be made a substitute for nearly every purpose for which wire is used, and is far more durable, and cheaper.
Expanded Metal is made from a narrow strip of Steel, Brass or other like material, cut with the grain and pushed out or expanded into diamond-shaped meshes. It is much superior to wire work in every way, and it is sold at all points of intersection.
Send for Illustrated Circulars and Prices
CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.
116 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. RADAM'S
MICROBE KILLER

The Great GERM or BACTERIA DESTROYER.
To Cure Disease, Remove the Cause.

Physicians, by scientific researches, have discovered that Germs or Bacilli commonly called Microbes, are the cause of disease.

The MICROBE KILLER CURES by *destroying the microbes*; at the same time *purifies the blood* and *builds up the system*. Mr. Radam has established Factory No. 4 in Philadelphia.

Office at 819 Arch Street.

Invalids and persons suffering from CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, Diseases of the Blood, etc., by writing or calling at above address, will receive circulars giving the history of the MICROBE KILLER and the cures it has made. Agencies will be established in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and District of Columbia, which this Factory will supply. This Germicide is
A SURE RESTORATIVE TO HEALTH.

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DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK
Cloth & Gold Binding
144 Pages, with Steel Engraving,
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Address, P. O. Box 1810, N. Y.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations...	.25
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HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach.....	.25
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SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N.Y.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

BELLEFONTE
BOOK BINDERY

Having leased the Bindery from the *Centre Democrat*, I am now prepared to do all kinds of binding at short notice. Persons having magazines, old books, or anything in our line should give us a call. Blank books, and Hotel Registers done in the neatest style, and at lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. B. KUNZ, - - Lessee.
Second floor, Old Conrad Building.
20 29

The Sunday Train Nuisance.

A petition is being circulated for signatures asking the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to run a Sunday train into Bellefonte. We are surprised that such a petition should receive any signatures among a people supposed to prize the Sabbath as highly as we do in Bellefonte. There are many advantages which Bellefonters should have which they do not have at present, but the Sunday train is not one of them.

Why should there be such an innovation on the established order of things in this community? What benefit would it subserve? Perhaps some one says it would bring the metropolitan Sunday papers here earlier. Well, the Sunday papers are themselves an iniquitous institution. They decrease the value of the issue of Monday and thus defraud the subscriber to the regular daily edition. Many important events occur on Saturday which the Monday papers do not give because they have already been published in the Sunday edition. So to bring the Sunday paper to Bellefonte earlier would only the sooner bring upon us a publication which is itself evil. Someone may say that mail matter will be brought to Bellefonte by a Sunday train. However, sufficient mail matter arrives on Saturday night and it is not in accordance with Christian teaching to attend to mail matter on Sunday. So we fail to perceive any benefit the Sunday train would be to this community, but can easily perceive a hugh train of evils that would attend it. Besides, there are the regulation objections to the Sunday train. It would disturb Sabbath quiet, it would make so much more work for the railroad men who manage the Sunday train, it would be another cause of interest and excitement to draw away the youthful and the indifferent people from attendance on Sunday worship and it would be an offense against God who said: "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy."

Of course a certain element will cry out: "We must keep up with the times!" "Oh that kind of talk is old fashioned!" "Miss Nancy!" and other such meaningless phrases which people use when they cannot think of any argument in support of their position. But such objections to this position affect us about as much as water is supposed to affect a duck. We charge workingmen again that the Sabbath is their best friend and that any attempt to lessen its sancity is an attempt upon the happiness, comfort and prosperity of the workingmen. We include the Sunday train in our list of things against which we want protection. It is as bad as England's cheap pauper labor. There is one thing for which we always felt like applauding Dr. Dobbins, and that was for closing the post office on Sunday. We honor him for so doing and hope that he and his successor will continue to keep it closed. Meanwhile let us relegate the Sunday train to "innocuous desuetude."

While we are at it we might as well repeat what we wrote once before, viz., that Elliot F. Shepperd, of New York city, who is the son-in-law of Mr. Vanderbilt, is an intelligent man and knows all about railroads, gives it as his opinion that railroads lose money by running Sunday trains. However, that is for the railroad companies themselves to consider. We believe that a majority of Bellefonte citizens are opposed to such a thing and if necessary let them circulate a petition against the running of one to Bellefonte.

In the High School.

The usual literary exercises took place in the High School on Friday afternoon. Lizzie Hoelzel was the first recitationist, har selection being an appropiate one. So was Edith Barnhart's, "Scott and the Veteran." Carroll Crider's essay was on "The American Indian" and Fanny Gregg's recitation on "The Builders." An essay, "R. B. Hayes," by James Clark was followed by a recitation, "The Soldier's vision, by Jennie Longacre. Many of the essays were about men who have been eminent in statesmanship or literature, Eva Graham reading one on "Benj. Franklin" and S.K. Woodring on "William Wordsworth." Then followed a recitation—"Only a Song." It was given excellently by May Wright. "A Visit to Paris" and "Life and Death" were essays—the first by Annie Stott and the second by Carrie Gross. Carrie Shirk recited "The Children's Telegram" Harry Camp's essay treated of "Agriculture," that by John Morgan of "Habits" and Sam. Rowe's of 'Andrew Jackson." Laura Hafer gave a recitation "The Quadroon Girl." Then there were two more essays by Boyd A. Musser and John L. Given, respectively, the subjects being, first, "Language," second "Major Andre's Lecture." Josie Bauer was the next to take the platform, giving a recitation. H. U. Tibbens read an essay on the novel title "The Complaint of the Town Pump." "The Telephone" was a subject of which C. T. Null treated with much knowledge in his essay and the concluding exercise was a similar one by Bridgie Curry on 'Conversation."

Principal D. M. Lieb was present and made some remarks.

—The annual dinner of the Central Pennsylvania Alumni Association of Princeton College was given at the Hepburn House, Williamsport, on Thursday evening. Rev. James P. Hughes, of this place, was in attendance.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Hydrants are freezing.

—Aaronsburg has two mails each day.

—How doth the horse chestnut charm away rheumatism.

—Both butter and eggs are cheaper in Mifflin county than here.

—The Y. W. C. T. U. of Millheim will give a supper on Thanksgiving day.

—The Teachers Institute, this year, will begin on Monday, December 17.

—The residence of Mr. John Sourbeck on Bishop street is receiving a new roof.

--Numerous prospective weddings give a brilliant tint to Bellefonte's future.

—They continue to make a daily production of 90 tons of iron at the Collins Brothers' furnace.

—Man is more or less of a paradoxical nature. When his health breaks down he claims to be all broke up.

—The street leading to the car shops is being graded by Capt. Thomas Shaughensey, street commissioner.

—The German military budget contains an item of 35,000 marks for the breeding, training and maintenance of carrier pigeons.

—Miss Fannie Wurzle, daughter of Rabbi M. Wurzle, of Williamsport, was married Wednesday night to Fred S. Freund, of St. Louis.

—It has been computed by a western statistician that the people of the United States spend more than $1,500,000 every year for chewing gum.

—It is rumored that the presidency of Dickinson College, Carlisle, is to be offered to General Clinton B. Fisk, to succeed President McCauley.

—A tramp who was lodged all of Monday night at the home of John Bressler, at Rebersburg, ungratefully stole $7 before departing next morning.

—The title "Senator" might be an excellent prefix to the name of District Attorney Meyer. Senator Meyer is preferable to Senator Betts any day.

—"Did you ever take the pledge?" asked a temperance advocate of a tramp. "Often," said the tramp. "Where?" "At the pawn-broker's," was the bitter reply.

—The union Thanksgiving service this year will be held in the Methodist church. Rev. W. H. H. Snyder of the Reformed church will deliver the sermon.

—The mud in Altoona must be awful, judging by the papers. No use to throw mud at that town. There is already so much that a little more or less would not be noticed.

—The French roof and other improvements to Mrs. Ammerman's residence give it a very handsome appearance. On Thursday the painters were at work on the exterior.

—For several days there has been a troublesome leak in the water pipes near Dr. Dorworth's residence on Allegheny street. We believe that Superintendent Ryan conquered it on Wednesday.

—Five carpenters are working on the interior of the National Bank building, and it will be pushed to completion about the middle of next month. The building will be very handsome and elegant.

—Railroad men anticipate a great rush of business next spring. They hold that because there will be no tariff tinkering manufacturers will go to work with a vim, and properous times will be experienced.

—Mr. J. H. Sands is putting a covering of tin on the roof of his building on Allegheny street occupied by Mr Cedars as a dwelling and bakery. This will be an excellent addition, rendering it more fire proof.

--How does it happen that the only article that the Methodist ladies would sell to Francis Speer was a pair of mittens? He has not been in since though he often peers longingly through the windows at the beauty within.

—Three persons in Mifflin county are laid up for repairs in mistaking their legs and feet for a billet of wood while swinging the vengeful axe. One, John Kurtz, hails from Mill Creek, and Amos Folk and Irwin Yeather live at Lilleyville.

—It appears that the dispatch in the Philadelphia *Times* on Tuesday saying that Sophie Long, of Huntingdon, had become incensed at her mother and ran away to the woods, where she was lost, was entirely incorrect. The Philadelphia *Times* always tells the truth(?)

—The new brick residence being erected by the Messrs. Brown on Bishop street is making rapid progress toward completion. It is a double house. There are three entrances from the front of the house, a private one for each family, and one in the centre leading to the rear of the houses which will be used by both families. There is a large bay window in front in the second story.

—We just received an invitation to the formal opening of the Dickey House in Dayton, Ohio, which occurred on Thursday of this week. It came just one day too late for us to be present. McMillen & Co., are the proprietors, our hotelist friend, Mr. C. G. McMillen being the manager. The Dickey House is located opposite the Union depot in that city and Mr. McMillen will make it the most popular hotel in the state of Ohio.

GENERAL PHIL SHERIDAN.

Gregg Post's Minute of Respect to the Great Cavalry Commander.

COMMANDER AND COMRADES OF GREGG POST, No. 95, G. A. R:

So much has been so well said about General Sheridan, his success and achievements in war that your Committee is almost at a loss to determine just what should be said in reference to the illustrious and distinguished comrade and which should be spread upon the minutes of the Post.

We contribute, however, as the most fitting minute, a brief outline of the brilliant and heroic career of our late comrade.

Philip Henry Sheridan was born on the sixth day of March A. D. 1831 of Irish parentage in Somerset, Perry county, Ohio. He was appointed to the West Point Military Academy in July, 1848, and graduated in 1853, and had as classmates, McPherson and Schofield, who afterwards became commanders of high rank in the Union Army, and Hood of the Confederate army. After graduating, he entered the army of the United States as Second Lieutenant of Infantry, and served in Texas and on the Pacific coast until 1861, when he was made Captain in the 13th Infantry and was put upon duty at St. Louis. From December, 1861, until March, 1862, he was Chief Quarter master and Commissary of the army of South West Missouri. From March 1862 he was Quarter master to General Halleck in the Mississippi campaign in the spring of the same year.

In May, 1862, he was made Colonel of the Second Regiment Michigan Volunteer Cavalry. For gallant and meritorious service, in leading a brigade of cavalry in an engagement, at Booneville, Mississippi, against a superior force of Confederates, on July first, 1862, he was commissioned a Brigadier General of Volunteers. As commander of the Eleventh Division of the army of the Ohio he took part in the battle of Perryville and the march to the relief of Nashville. Transferred to a division in the army of the Cumberland, he engaged in the Tennessee campaign from November, 1862, to September, 1863, doing great service in the battles of Murfreesboro, Chickamauga and Missionary Ridge. He was made a Major General of Volunteers on December 31, 1862.

In April, 1864, at the request of Grant, General Sheridan was transferred to the army of the Potomac as commander of the cavalry which position he held until August of the same year. While in command of the cavalry he made a number of raids into the enemy's country, cutting their railway connections and destroying many of their stores of supply. He had many engagements with the cavalry of the Confederacy and rendered great service at Cold Harbor.

On the fourth of August, 1864, he was placed in command of the army in the Shenandoah and on the seventh of the same month was made commander of the Middle Military Division. For the victory he won over Early in the battle on the Opequan, near Winchester on September 19, 1864, he was made a Brigadier General in the regular army. On the 22nd of September, 1864, he again routed Early at Fisher's Hill, and on the 19th of October converted the disaster of the morning into a magnificent victory at Cedar Creek. It was on this occasion that he made the famous ride from Winchester, which has been put into such strong, stirring verse by Mr. Read. On November 8, 1864, he was made Major General in the Regular Army. In February, 1865, the thanks of Congress for gallantry, military skill and courage displayed in the brilliant series of victories achieved by his army in the Valley of the Shenandoah, especially at Cedar Run, were tendered him.

In the early part of 1865 he engaged in the raid from Winchester to Petersburg, and was engaged in the campaign against Richmond and commanded that portion of the army engaged in, and which won the battle of Five Forks and he was present when the confederate army under Lee surrendered at Appomatox on the 9th of April, 1865.

After the war he served in command of various military Departments and Divisions, most of the time having his headquarters at Chicago. On the 8th day of February, 1884, upon the retirement of General Sherman, he became commander of the armies of the United States ranking as Lieutenant General from the Fourth of March, 1869, until within a month or two of his death. By an act of Congress, with the hearty approval of a grateful Nation, he was raised to the Rank of General,—the same high rank held by Washington, Grant and Sherman.

As a man strong and simple, as a commander vigilant, full of resources, bold, confident, decisive and reliable. With the single exception of Hancock, no officer in the Union Army so fully embodied the instincts of war. "The Pagan idea of Mars."

Respectfully submitted,

D. F. FORTNEY,
JAS H. RANKIN,
R. C. IRVIN.

—The Wellsboro *Agitator* is of the opinion that the congressional return judges made an error in computing the votes cast in the counties of the Sixteenth Congressional District. The *Agitator* says H. C. McCormick's majority over Steck should be 4,654 instead of 3,654 as given in the returns.

FOOT BALL.

STATE COLLEGE, PA., Nov. 22.—The first game of foot ball, for the class championship, was played here to day between the Juniors and Freshmen and resulted in a victory for the Juniors, by a score of 6 to 0. The teams were very evenly matched and it was the most brilliant and stubbornly fought game ever played here. In the first half the ball was always between the 25 yard line being near the centre of the field. Towards the close of the first half, with the Freshmen in possession of the ball at the centre of the field, Atherton made a tumble upon which Leyden secured the ball and, having a clear field, secured a tonch down from which McLean kicked the goal.

The first half ended one minute after the goal was kicked. Neither side scored in the second half and the ball was generally in the middle of the field. The Freshmen's rush line was excellent and the Junior's was weak. Reber did the best playing of the day and his runs were remarkable. Hildebrand and Rothrock repeatedly broke through their opponents' rush line. Jackson made several nice tackles and Mock and Aull made several fine short runs. The teams were: '90 rushers Jackson, Demming, Yerger, McLain, Ellenberger, Brew, Demming B; quarter-back, Leyden; half-backs, Mock and Reber; back, Brown. '92 rushers, Rothrock, Bohn, Hile, Price, Fearon, Evans, Hildebrand; half-backs, Linsy and Aull; quarter-back, Atherton; back, Kessler. Umpire, Mr. Weller, '89; referee Prof. Cleaver.

The Evening Star.

Venus is the evening star this month, but our young readers will not have to sit up long to see it descend below the western horizon as it sets about two hours before sunset. Its brilliancy easily distinguishes it from other bright stars, such as Vega toward the north and also Mars and Jupiter. Its resemblance to our earth is thus described:

Venus's diameter is 7,800 miles, while that of the earth is 7,900 miles. Its density is 0.9 that of ours, and a body there would fall 14 feet in the first second, while here it would fall but two feet more. In length of day Venus also resembles the earth, for its day is only 35 minutes shorter than ours. The distance from the sun of Venus is always about the same, 69,000,000 miles. Consequently it would have nearly equal seasons, if the inclination of its axis was small. But this is far from being the case, for the equator is inclined to the plane of Venus's orbit by an angle about double that of our inclination. Therefore, the regions near the poles undergo for one-half the year the severe cold of our own polar countries, while during the remaining half they are visited by the intense heat of the tropics. Venus probably has a very dense atmosphere, for it is extremely difficult to distinguish any marks upon its surface. Furthermore it reflects about as much light as new fallen snow, so that we may infer, perhaps, that the light which comes to us has never touched the body of the planet, but has been reflected by some dense stratum of clouds.

—The series of lectures in the Star course will begin on the evening of December 7 with a lecture by Rev. Russell H. Conwell, of Philadelphia. His subject will be, "Acres of Diamonds." The Washington *Republic* recently said: "The wheel of time has carried under the great lecturers of twenty years ago until Talmage and Conwell are almost the only popular lecturers living who may be said to have a National reputation." These lectures will be held in the Court House. Tickets for the course may be purchased of Mrs. John P. Harris or other members of the W. C. T. U.

—Chief Justice Fuller November 14 rendered an important decision regarding the holders of life insurance policies. The suit was brought by the creditors of Thomas L. Humes to have $35,000 of life insurance policies, which were made payable to either the widow or children of the deceased, to be applied to the payment of all debts due the creditors, but the supreme court holds that beneficiaries are entitled to the proceeds of all policies and that such policies effected form no part of the estate of a deceased insolvent.

—Rev. J. Casper Bucher, D. D., died at Lewisburg, Pa., on the 15th inst., aged eighty-five years. He was the father of J. C. Bucher, President Judge of the 20th Judicial district, and widely known as a prominent and influential member of the Reformed church. He was ordained 60 years ago and was, with one exception, the oldest living minister of the Reformed church in the United States.

—While Drum Major Dwyer, editor of the Renovo *Evening News*, was swinging his baton, the large ball with which it is mounted became unfastened and went flying through the crowd striking a young lady on the nose. The young lady is probably the one who presented him a handsome pair of mittens last week. Drum Majors should handle their batons more skillfully.

Howard Items.

Mr. Crosby Hays, of Elk Co., has been visiting friends in this place.

Some persons have been engaged in confiscating chickens in this locality.

For a No. 1 cigar go to Bland's Variety Store. He keeps the daisy.

There is a protracted meeting being held in the Evangelical Fair View church. Some five seekers have come forward.

Mrs. John Trafford and her sprightly daughter Miss Edna arrived home from New York last Monday.

Joseph Royer, one of our red hot republicans, failed to secure any wagers on Harrison's election.

Misses Nannie and Annie Lucas, two of Howard's vivacious young ladies, wil visit friends in Williamsport.

The wide-awake young ladies of the M. E. church are preparing to hold a lunch basket party in the G. A. R hall in the near futnre.

Mr. Orrin Brickly, an expert mason, has arrived home from Emporium where he has been engaged in assisting in the erection of a 125 ton blast furnace. He will soon return to help construct 100 coke ovens. The ore for the furnace will be taken from this state and New York state.

Last week Messrs. Walter Cooke, Anson Schenck, Cephas Renner, Blair Hopkins and Robert Treaster started on a hunt to the head waters of Big Run. The latest news from their camp was on last Wednesday. Owing to the inclemency of the weather no deer had been captured, but one of the party, Blair Hopkins, succeeded in capturing a black bear which weighed about one hundred pounds. The party reported game plenty and upon their return, this week, expect to bring several deer with them.

Lucas Brothers, merchants, are disposing of more than the usual amount of coal for this season of the year. The consumption of coal in this locality is increasing every year as it is regarded as the cheapest fuel to be had. They also report their dry goods and grocery trade better than it has been heretofore which speaks well for the community and neighborhood.

Howard Post, G. A. R., intends being present at the G. A. R. camp fire to be held in Bellefonte next month. It is one of the live Posts of the county, and wherever it goes it generally makes its mark.

Death of Mary Eckley.

Another of the aged residents of Boggs township has fallen. Mrs. Mary Eckley, widow of Joseph Eckley, who died in 1861, died in Elk county, on Nov. 18th, 1888, having lately moved there with her son Joseph who is engaged in butchering. She generally was healthy, being sick but little, until lately, when she became afflicted with a dropsical affection. She was also taken with apopiexy which soon ended her mortal career, aged 73 years, 9 months and 23 days. She was one of twenty children of old Mr. Watson, had four full brothers, and fifteen half brothers and sisters, eight of whom survive her. She was the mother of six children of whom Thomas, William and Joseph are living, the rest being dead, and was a faithful wife and mother. In her early married life she became a member of Marsh Creek Messiah's church, in which faith she continued till death, and having finished her course here she has gone to rest awaiting the establishment of the Kingdom of God, and an inheritance with the saints on the renewed earth. Her remains were brought from Elk county to Milesburgh, on the 20th ult., and were taken in charge of Undertaker Confer to the cemetery three miles north of that place and laid beside those of her husband, Rev. J. Zeigler officiating in the religious service. Peace be to her slumbering dust while we tender our sympathies to the bereaved friends. Yours truly, X.

Democratic county papers please copy.

—A fatal accident occurred on the Hollidaysburg and Morristown Cove branch railroad nearly opposite Stoke's planing mill about 10 o'clock Thursday morning resulting in the almost instant death of Harry T. Ayers, who was employed as a brakeman on the Altoona division of the Pennsylvania railroad. The accident occurred as near as can be learned in the following manner: Mr. Ayers was employed as brakeman on Conductor John R. Reed's train of which W. P. Stahl is engineer. A coupling was to be made between the engine and the train and Mr. Ayers proceeded to attend to this duty. The train was standing on the curve and the unfortunate brakeman attempted to make the coupling by stepping in from what is known as the short side. He was caught between the bumpers and his left breast was crushed and his right arm broken at the wrist. The engineer was the first man to reach him after the accident and his last words were addressed to him and were, "I don't blame you." He died before he could be taken to the office of the planing mill, which was close by. Afterward the body was taken to the undertaking rooms of Tipton & Lafferty, where it was prepared for burial, but the time of the funeral had not been decided on last evening.—*Altoona Tribune*

—President of the school Board, D. F. Fortney has been urging the pupils of the schools to give an entertainment to which an admission will be charged, the proceeds of which will be devoted to books, which will form the nucleus of a school library. The idea is an excellent one and should be carried out soon. We suggest an early date after the holidays for the entertainment—say New Years day.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. W C Kepplinger & Co, Druggists. 1

A Tender of Thanks.

The ladies of A. R. C. of Gregg Post, G. A. R., extend many thanks to those who liberally assisted and patronized them at their festival on election day. Special thanks are due to the *Keystone Gazette* and DAILY NEWS for gratuitous notices; also to F. W. Crider for the use of the room James Harris & Co., J Kyle McFarlane & Co., and George C. Brandon, for use of furniture, also to Mrs. Thomas Donachy and the other ladies for their liberal assistance during the day.

MRS. D. M. GLENN,
" S. H. WILLIAMS,
" H. H. BENNER,
" JOHN FEASTER,
" E. E. YOUNG, } Com.

—Seals kin sacques and caps are putting in appearance.

HOW IT WORKED.

"Good morning, Jack! why I haven't seen you for a month past. What in the world is the matter with you? You seem to have renewed your youth."

"Well, Phil, I have. Don't you remember the last time I saw you how miserable I was? Sick and blue, and in that sort of mood a man gets sometimes when he feels the most noble thing in life is to go straight to the devil."

"Not so bad as that, I hope; at all events you didn't go that way, you are looking far too hearty and happy."

"Thank goodness, no! or, rather, thank Vinegar Bitters. Do remember that day saw you last, when you recommended that remedy to me so persistently, and I was first vexed and then half convinced?"

"I remember it perfectly, and you needn't say another word upon the subject; your looks tell me that you took the medicine."

"No doubt of it; everybody remarks upon my improved looks and temper; but I must really tell you all about it. I got the old style, as you recommended, and didn't mind the bitter taste at all. I finished the bottle in about two weeks, and was greatly improved, so much so that I determined to change off and try the new style."

"Well, how did you like it?"

"You told me your wife preferred the new style, I believe; well, I must say I agree with her. I like the old style very much, but the new is a finer, smoother more expensive preparation."

"I believe it is; in fact, I have heard so, and I wonder the McDonald Drug Company sell it for the same price they do the old style, because it is really a very costly preparation."

"Well, that doesn't concern us. Who was it said that people fancied themselves pious sometimes when they are only bilious? No matter! I was only going to say that I believe people often seem wicked when it is only their liver, or their stomach, or some other cantankerous organ of the body so out of order they couldn't be good if they tried."

"And if all the miserable dyspeptics and victims of biliousness, headache, and the thousand and one ills that flesh is heir to would only take Vinegar Bitters, what a happy world this would be."

"I should recommend the new style."

"I never go back on the old style."

"Well, they can pay their money and take their choice, for both kinds work admirably."

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

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VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — ALCOHOL

PURELY — DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA —

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THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and Health Restorer, Cures all kinds of Headache within Thirty Minutes—Try it

The only Temperance Bitters known

It stimulates the Brain and quiets the Nerves, regulates the Bowels and renders a perfect blood circulation through the human veins, which is sure to restore perfect health. A Beautiful Book Free.

Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO., 532 Washington St., New York.

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J. W. CUSICK, Pyrmont, Ohio, writes:—"I feel that I can not recommend Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer too highly. Would not be without it.

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LITTLE LIGHTNING, by Police Capt James
OLD MORTALITY, by Young Baxter
THE POST-OFFICE DETECTIVE, by George W. Goode.
THE MALTESE CROSS, by Eugene T Sawyer
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Harper's Young People.
AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE began its tenth volume with the first Number in November. During the year it will contain five serial stories, including "Dorymates," by Kirk Munroe; "The Red Mustang," by W O Stoddard; and "A Day in Waxland," by R K Munkittrick; "Nels Thurlow's Trial," by J T Trowbridge; "The Three Wishes," by F Anstey and Brander Matthews, a series of fairy tales written and illustrated by Howard Pyle, "Home Studies in Natural History," by Felix L Oswald; "Little Experiments," by Sophia B Herrick; "Glimpses of Child-Life from Dickens," by Margaret Eunice Sangster; articles on various sports and pastimes, short stories by the best writers and humorous papers and poems, with many hundreds of illustrations of excellent quality. Every line in the paper is subjected to the most rigid editorial scrutiny, in order that nothing harmful may enter its columns.

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature.—Boston Courier

A weekly feast of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits.—Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures, information, and interest.—N. Y. Christian Advocate

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Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—Francis Murphy is now in Pittsburg.

—With a German cornetist it is "Teut" on toot ever.

—Conjugal love cannot be preserved in family jars.

—Indian summer has skipped out and genuine winter is here.

—At the Blair county institute every teacher was present except one.

—Saturday afternoon was lovely and all the ladies were promenading.

—The fire on the mountain Friday evening looked exceedingly beautiful.

—Oysters, Lemons, Oranges, Bananas, and Celery at the Eureka Grocery store, No. 61 High street.

—Friday night the fine barn of John E. DuBois, at DuBois, was burned. Loss, $40,000; no insurance.

—Miss Grace Furey gave a most delightful elocutionary entertainment in Howard on Saturday evening.

—The weigh office at the coke ovens near Glasgow, Cambria county, was destroyed by fire on the 16th inst.

—The new stone crossing on High street, in front of the Centre County Bank, is a success and is greatly appreciated.

—Parent: "This is your birthday Tommy. What can I do for you that will cause you pleasure?" Tommy: "Spank Johnny."

—Mrs. Barbara Snyder, of Everett, has a cactus stalk eighteen or twenty years old now in full bloom, with 147 flowers from 2½ to 3 inches long.

—R. A. Beck expects to move into his new barber shop about the 14th of next month. It will be furnished and decorated very handsomely.

—It is said that the arm of Brittain Franz, which was so terribly crushed in this place Friday evening, was amputated after the young man was taken to Tyrone.

—When Francis Speer rushes, whistling, into Mr. Frank Stover's residence he should be careful not to come into violent collision with the ladies who may be inside.

—Mrs. Sterrett Cummins, of Jackson township, Huntingdon Co., aged about 58 years, was found unconscious in a meadow on last Monday, and died soon after being found.

—Governor Beaver has appointed Hon. John A. Woodward, of Howard, one of the delegates to represent this state in the Forrestry Congress to be held at Atlanta, Georgia, Dec. 5th.

—Jupiter is the reigning planet for the year 1889.—Philipsburg *Daily Journal*. The earth has been the reigning planet this year, judging by the enormous quantity of rain on this part of it.

—It has been decided that Drum Major Editor Dwyer, of Renovo, had been imbibing too freely when he permitted the top of his baton to fly off and come in contact with a young lady's proboscis.

—A tenant house belonging to Mr. Nathan Maurry near Mackeyville, occupied by Henry E. McClosky, with its contents, was nearly destroyed by fire on Sunday morning last, the family escaping from an upper window.

—The law don't always pay females for their rejected love affairs. For instance, it refused to give a verdict to Mrs. Hibbard, of Beaver, who was rejected by Henry C. Fry. The suit for breach of promise will cost her about $1,000.

—Sunday was the last in the church year—next Sunday being Advent—and Rev. J. O. Davis, rector of the Episcopal church, took advantage of the occasion to review the work of the year, giving his congregation a clear and impressive, though brief summary of the work accomplished.

—What an excellent change it would be if the inauguration of President-elect Harrison could be postponed until May 4. The crowd of people in Washington will be unprecedentedly large. But the weather on the 4th of March is likely to be execrable. There would be this advantage, also. In two months the President's salary amounts to about $10,000 and if President Cleveland's service should extend that far into Harrison's term he might recover the $10,000 he gave to secure his own election.

—On Saturday afternoons and evenings, until Christmas, the ladies of the Episcopal church propose holding in the Kismet Club Rooms, Allegheny St., next Howard St., a sale of fancy articles suitable for Christmas presents and of edibles such as cake, salads, croquettes, etc. The intention is that those desiring dishes for Saturday tea or Sunday use may procure them here at a moderate price and thus save the trouble and annoyance of having them prepared at home. The ladies will also take orders for dishes to be prepared and delivered on the following Saturday or sooner if desired. Next Saturday, Dec. 1, there will be for sale among other things; biscuits, bread; charlotte-russe; cake; pies; chicken-croquette; celery; candy, et cetera.

Something for Thanksgiving.

Overseer Schofield informs us that the other day a young lady handed $1.50 to him, which she asked him to use in purchasing a turkey for some poor and deserving person. He returns his thanks to the young lady in question and says if any other persons want to follow the young lady's example they can do so and he will dispose of the money judiciously.

He also says that the poor fund of the borough is in a good condition and there is a surplus in the treasury. He is not afraid of a surplus and will endeavor to dispose of it properly. With this object in view he will distribute 200 loaves of bread on Thanksgiving day. Persons who desire bread will call on him at his saddler shop on the morning of Thanksgiving day and he will give them an order on a baker for the bread.

He also says that if any one in the borough is in need of and cannot procure what is absolutely a necessity for their comfort they shall apply to him. We have no doubt Mr. Schofield's intentions in this respect are excellent, but we question if he has authority to dispose of the poor funds, no matter how much of a surplus there is, without a very careful investigation into the merits of the applicants. We have no doubt that in his giving he will keep within the limits of his authority. We are glad that he has funds to provide for the necessities of the poor. Considering, however, that this has been a prosperous season, there are probably not many cases of destitution in Bellefonte.

The Newest Wrinkle.

It is reporting funeral services, which opens a promising field for stenographers. When a lady or gentleman in good circumstances loses a relative, they send for a stenographer to take down the prayer and sermon at the funeral with all the ritual and any remarks that are made and full copies of the hymns. If deceased was a member of any society, that also has memorial exercises; and the stenographer's commission includes the taking down of everything that is said or done by the society. Many prominent men are members of many societies; some belong to a dozen, and occasionally there is one who is a member of twenty or more societies. Each one holds services and the stenographer does them all and occasionally he foots up a bill that bears a respectable comparison with even the undertaker's account. The stenographer's notes in these cases are written out with great care, and type written in superior style on heavy paper, and the whole is elegantly bound and copies distributed among the friends.

Ages of Presidents When Inaugurated.

Benjamin Harrison will be fifty-five years, six months and eleven days old when he is inaugurated President of the United States. Three other Presidents were fifty-five years old at the beginning of their administrations. They were Martin Van Buren, Zachery Taylor, and Rutherford B. Hayes. Lincoln became President at fifty-two. John Tyler and Chester A. Arthur were fifty-one. Millard Filmore was fifty. Franklin Pierce and James A. Garfield were forty-nine. Grover Cleveland was forty-eight. Grant was forty-seven. All the other Presidents were older than General Harrison. His grand-father was aged sixty-eight years when he was inaugurated President March 4th, 1841.

Death of Mr. James Haley.

Mr. James Haley, of this place, was 80 years of age. For many years he has been an invalid. His death occurred on Sunday evening between 5 and 6 o'clock. Mr. Haley leaves a wife to mourn his death. The funeral took place on Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock. Deceased was a member of the Roman Catholic church of this place. He was generally and well known by our citizens. We understand that he was a soldier in the civil war and the veterans of Gregg Post assisted in the burial service.

—The minutes of the Methodist General Conference in New York city, held in May last, are now bound and make a compendious volume of many hundred pages. When we remember it is all the work of Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., going over the proofs a half dozen or more times without neglecting any of his other duties or missing a church service, we must conclude that the reverend gentleman is capable of a vast amount of work. Dr. Monroe never takes a leave of absence from duty, his last and only vacation being taken when he was married.

—There are to be any number of religious services in our town on Thanksgiving day. Holy Communion in the Episcopal church at 7.30 a. m., and the regular service at 10.30. A union meeting in the Methodist church at 10·30 and prayer meeting in Y. M. C. A. hall at 4 p. m., The subject at the last mentioned service will be "Life Crowned with Blessings"—Psalm 103. Everybody should meet and give thanks on that day as there are unusually strong reasons for thankfulness.

—The newspaper agent on the evening train at this place was somewhat shaken up on Friday evening. He had his foot on the truck on which baggage was being placed from the car. The truck upset and threw the boy against the wheel of the passenger coach. The piece of baggage fastened him there and he might have been badly hurt if the car had been moving. As it was he was greatly frightened.

Perhaps He Will.

Willis R. Bierly, Esq., who is a native of Centre county and very well known here and also in Clinton and Lycoming counties, is now a resident of Dakota, where he is editing a newspaper. Several years ago he published a newspaper in Williamsport. He has published several valuable works on legal subjects. Though a Democrat, we are glad to know that he is considered a distinguished and representative citizen of that Territory as is indicated by the following which appeared, recently, in the Williamsport *Sun and Banner*:

"The Democrats of Dokota will petition Congress to admit that Territory as a State. W. R. Bierly, Esq., a former resident of Williamsport, will present the claims of Dakota at Washington. It is understood that if the admission is made Mr. Bierly will be given a seat in Congress as a delegate from North Dakota. Mr. Bierly possesses all the necessary qualifications of a legislator, and his friends in this county would be pleased to learn that he had been successful in his present undertaking."

—An Allenville, Mifflin county, man had a series of misbaps the other day on his journey to Lewistown. He boarded the train at McVeytown, and in sneezing his false teeth went out of the open window. He left the train at Longfellow and started back after his teeth, a trip of four and a half miles. He found them, but the conductor had his ticket, and he concluded to walk. In crossing a bridge he had to make good time to escape a train coming in his rear. Then he attempted to board a freight train, throwing his overcoat on the rear of the caboose, and catching hold. After a run of several yards, finding he could not succeed, he left go, when he was thrown quite a distance, receiving several ugly wounds. His overcoat was thrown off by the conductor, and he finally got to his destination mounted on Shank's mare.

—The Philadelphia *Record* says: It is believed that a number of promotions will take place in the business department of the Pennsylvania railroad company following the elevation of Charles E. Pugh to the position of fourth vice president. Among them will be the promotion of S. M. Prevost to general manager, T. N. Ely to general superintendent of transportation, A. Q. Dayton to general superintendent of motive power, W. Y. Bannard to superintendent of the West Jersey and Camden and Atlantic divisions, R. P. Snowden to superintendent of the Amboy division, and Supervisor Potter (of Bordentown, N. J.) to the position of division engineer.

—The Tyrone *Daily Herald* of Saturday says of Britton L. Frantz, the young man whose arm was crushed near the nail-works here on Friday, while he was coupling cars: "Drs. Gemmill and Arnold performed the operation (of amputation) severing the member just above the elbow. The young man is about twenty years of age and a son of Abram Frantz, a farmer of Bald Eagle Valley. He is stout and hearty and heroically stood the shock. He is now resting comfortably in bed and receiving good care at the hands of Mrs. Frantz."

—John E. Dubois, the lumber millionaire, is trying to have his large possessions in the borough of Dubois cut out into the township. His assessed valuation in the borough is over $100,000 at a 48 mill rate, while the rate in the township is only 32 mills. His property in the township is now assessed at nearly one-fourth of a million. It is thought he will be successful. His holdings in the borough are chiefly his factories, etc., yet they constitute above a quarter of the entire assessed valuation of the town.

—The officers elected at the annual banquet of the Central Pennsylvania Alumni Association, of Princton College, in Williamsport Thursday evening, are as follows: President, Dr. S. S. Shultz, of Danville; Secretary, J. T. Fredericks, Esq., of Williamsport; Treasurr, Rev. Mr. Van Allen, of Watsontown. The next meeting will be held at Harrisburg, November 21st, 1889.

—Wide awake business men will agree with this level-headed merchant—a constant and shrewd advertiser—who gives this scrap of wisdom: "A newspaper advertisement may be occasionally overlooked by the reader, still it makes the name and business of the man familiar, and its presence in the columns of a paper inspires confidence in the stability of the enterprise.

—Stella May, the interesting three-months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Parker of Philipsburg, died Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment took place at half past three Saturday afternoon says the *Daily Journal*.

—The Philipsburg *Ledger* should not credit to the Williamsport *Sun and Banner* an article which first appeared in the DAILY NEWS. We refer to the one published in the *Ledger* on Saturday entitled, "Cannot be Taxed."

Very Sudden Death on Saturday Night.

Every day sudden deaths seem to become more frequent. One occurred on Saturday night under unusually sad circumstances. Mr. William Zimmerman was a furnace man employed by the Messrs. Collins at their furnace. He has been with them about a year, coming here from Hollidaysburg. He was married and had a family.

He frequently seemed hardly able to work, but he continued to pursue his heavy duties until Saturday night when he suddenly expired while working at the furnace and fell to the floor a corpse. His ailment was heart disease. His age was about 47 years.

He leaves a family who will be in distitute circumstances. But the Messrs. Collins are exceedingly kind to their employes and will see that all immediate expenses are met. The funeral took place on last Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Deceased was a soldier. We do not know whether he was a member of Gregg Post or not.

We have said that the deceased was a soldier. He was a sergeant in the 84th regiment and he was also at one time a member of the 78th regiment. This means that he was a brave soldier as all the members of the 84th were brave men. His residence was in one of the Messrs. Collins' houses above the glass works where the funeral services will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Union cemetery.

A Stained Glass Manufactory.

There are only about half a dozen stained glass manufactories in this country, and one of them is located at Sharpsburg in this state. It has been in operation only three weeks, yet it gives every indication of proving a successful venture. The American public will have to be educated up to the fact that just as good stained-glass can be turned out in this country as abroad, and it will take some time to bring about this feeling.

At present two-thirds of the custom for church and house designs want the imported glass, and it is next to impossible to convince them that the home article is fully as good. The only difference at present is that the imported stained glass is a trifle softer and easier to work with than the American, but the manufactories here are fast remedying that. There are very few that can be called full-fledged glass-stainers in this country, for the reason that it is a natural and not an acquired gift. A thorough stainer must be an artist who can not only handle the glass, but draw his own designs.

The Teachers Institute.

The names of the instructors and lecturers to appear before the Teacher's Institute in its 42d annual session to be held in the Court House of this place December 17 to 21, are given in the following list which was sent us at our request by Prof. D. M. Wolf, the County Superintendent:

G. M. Phillips, Principal of the State Normal School, West Chester, Pa.

T. B. Noss, Principal State Normal, California, Pa.

A. E. Maltby, a Professor in the State Normal at Indiana, Pa.

W. P. Dick, a professor in the State Normal at Lock Haven, Pa.

G. P. Bible, Professor of Elocution in the State Normal School at Lock Haven, Pa.

Prof. J. W. Heston, of the State College.

Dr. G. W. Atherton, President of the State College.

Rev. Madison C. Peters of Philadelphia.

J. Freeman Hendricks, Esq., Doylestown, Pa.

Prof. Aubrey H. Hammer, Indiana, Pa.

A number of teachers will read papers on eductional topics during the week.

—A telegram from Montreal, Quebec, says the severity and suddenness of the present cold snap is unparalleled in that section so early in the season. There is good skating on the St. Lawrence just above Montreal. At Sorel, thirty-five miles below Montreal, where the river narrows, the channel is blocked with ice. Like reports are received from Batiscan and Quebec. Water communication between the latter place and Point Levis interrupted. At Rimouski, where the European mails are shipped, no landing can be made, and the steamers Oregon and Assyrian will have to take the mails at Quebec, where they may be ice bound all winter, as the river at L'Islet, 43 miles below Quebec is impassable, and may remain so.

—Miss Emma Haupt, who is a compositor in the DAILY NEWS office, was preparing to start to York, Pa., Wednesday morning to attend the wedding of her brother, Mr. Alfred B. Haupt, which will occur on Thanksgiving day. Tuesday morning word was recived that a niece, Nellie Klepper, of Clearfield, died on Tuesday. Nellie was three years of age. This sad news has led Miss Haupt to change her plans and instead of attending the wedding she went to the funeral. We truly sympathise with Miss Emma and other relatives in their grief.

—Mr. George Beers, of Buffalo Run, died on Monday morning at 5 o-clock. His death quickly follows that of his wife, which occurred about six weeks ago. Mr. Beers leaves eight children, five married and three single. He was an excellent citizen and his death will be sincerely mourned. The funeral occurred at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Personal Pencilings.

Rev. Mr. Lanning is serving as a juror in court this week.

Henry C. Campbell, of Rock Spring, is in Bellefonte this week.

Dr. Thomas Tobin, ex candidate for coroner, visited Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Editor Ulrich, recently of the Centre county *Times*, expects to move to the West.

Mrs. A. Wilson Norris, and and Miss Norris, of Philadelphia, are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Mead Logan, of Lewistown, are spending a few days with relatives in Bellefonte.

Miss Kate Killian, of Sunbury, is a guest at the home of her uncle, Mr. W B. Maitland, on Linn street.

Miss Mame Tripple and Miss Kate Stott are visiting at the residence of Editor J. W. Furey, Lock Haven.

Prof. D. M. Wolf, of Spring Mills, was in Bellefonte on Friday. He is arranging for the coming institute session.

Miss Margrete Albert, of Selinsgrove, and Miss Belle Harding, of Montoursville, are spending a few days with Miss Ida Gerberich.

Miss Emma Aikens, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Aikens, who is attending school at Birmingham, will spend Thanksgiving day at home.

Governor Beaver is to be the Grand Marshal of the Inauguration parade in Washington and Adjutant General Hastings is to be his chief of staff.

Miss Emily Harris, of Bellefonte, arrived in the city on Day Express Wednesday, and will visit Miss Effie Byers and Miss Emily Shorkley. Williamsport *Sun and Banner*

Miss Minnie Brew, one of Bellefonte's pleasant daughters, is a visitor at the home of H. C. Brew and family on Logan street.—Tyrone correspondence of Altoona *Tribune*

Governor Beaver has appointed Thad. H. Mahon, of Chambersburg, Commissioner to represent Pennsylvania in the foresty convention at Atlanta, beginning December 6th.

Mrs. Moore and Mrs. Boileau, of Missouli, Montana, have spent several weeks visiting in Howard and Milesburg. They departed for their western home Tuesday, accompanied by Miss Barryhill, of Lock Haven.

Mr. Harry Hale departed for New York city on Monday, where he expects to meet his father, mother and sister who are now on their way home from their recent European tour, expecting to reach New York on Thursday.

Mrs. John Johnston, of this place, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Lide Johnston, departed on Tuesday to Decutur, Illinois, where they will visit Mrs. Johnston's son, Mr. Finley Johnston, who, we believe, is ill. We trust that their visit will have a beneficial effect on the invalid.

Adjutant General Hastings and First Vice President Thompson, of the Pennsylvania road, have been together, and the matter of the transportation of the State Guard, numbering about 6,500 men and including the batteries and cavalry that will be taken to Washington at the appointed time and brought back after the inauguration, has been arranged.

A Murder in this County.

Information has just been received concerning a murder that was committed in this county on Sunday. The scene of the tragedy was at Enterprise Mines, near Osceola, though at a point in the limits of this county. A wedding was being consummated among the Hungarians and an abundance of beer figured largely in the bill-of-fare. Some Americans were present, among them being a man named Cassidy. A quarrel took place between this man and some of the Hungarians which resulted in Cassidy being shot, the wound proving fatal. The individual who did the shooting is still at large though it is expected that he will soon be arrested.

The *Daily Journal*, of Philipsburg, on Tuesday afternoon, had this in regard to arrests which have been made in connection with the event above described:

Barnet Cassidy, who was shot on Sunday, by one Bronesky, at the Hungarian riot which followed the marriage of the daughter of John Franks, died this morning. There are now in the lock-up waiting for bail on the charge of assault and battery arising out of the rict John Frank, Edward Frank and ——— Herwinskey. The following is the description of the murderer· Andro Bronoskey, height 5 ft. 10 in. with sallow complexion, thin wiry moustache, two joints of index fingers of right hand off, high cheek bones, nose flat and slightly turned up.

New York Walking Match.

Especial to the News.

New York Nov. 28, 12 m.—The following are the scores up to date:

Littlewood 269, Herby 278, Mason 244, Hart 233, Cartwright 230, Normouse 238, Golden 251, Vint 212, Howart 265, Moore 286, Reach 138, Taylor 204, Cownor 238, Elson 218, Smith 180, Campane 220, W. Smith 196.

—It is reported that Governor Beaver will be appointed marshall of the inauguration parade.

The Lecture Course and the Advantages it Offers.

The committee of the W. C. T. U. ladies who canvassed the town with tickets for the lecture course feel rather discouraged at their lack of success. Less than eighty tickets were sold, Possibly one half of these were promises to buy. In our adjoining town of Philip burg the Mountain Wheel Club has a course of lectures alone, five in number, and with no finer talent than the course here embraces, and certainly not the variety, as besides two well known lecturers—Russell Lowell and Mrs. Mary A. Livermore—Will Carleton will give not a *lecture*, but recitations from his own poems, Then there is a concert company of eight Swedish Ladies, just arrived this month from Stockholm, and pronounced by eminent critics to have phenomenal voices. With them is the celebrated *humorist* Edwin Phelan. These several attractions will give a delightful evening's entertainment.

Robert Nourse, who gives "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," is thus spoken of by Hon. E. N. Morrill, M. C., of Washington, D. C:

"His lecture on Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde I never heard excelled; from beginning to end it was intensely interesting, and the entire audience was charmed by the dramatic power displayed."

The Wheel Club in Philipsburg, with attractions not near so varied and excellent, sold 400 course tickets at $2.50 each, before the course opened. In Bellefonte, which prides herself upon the culture and intelligence of her people, willing to be so far behind in providing a course of entertainments, so varied that all can enjoy them and so cheap that few if any cannot afford a ticket at $2.00 which includes a concert, the charges of which are $150 for the night, besides hotel expenses, etc? Surely, parents should appreciate these advantgaes and give their boys and girls the opportunity to enjoy them.

The Principal of our public schools understands perfectly the advantages it will be to the older scholars, and the necessity of giving them a taste for something better than has been provided by the Indian shows and variety theaters of the few past seasons. Tickets for the course will be sold to scholars in all the schools for the low sum of $1.00, and thus they may have the advantage so much needed. What better Christmas present can a father give his children than a ticket for the course which begins December 7 and ends February 26. Course tickets can be had at Zeller's and Green's drug stores, or from the members of the W. C. T. U.

Howard Items.

Mrs. John Lauth, has moved to Tyrone.

John Hagen is rebuilding his saw mill.

W. E. Confer's oyster and tonsorial parlors are well patronized.

Mrs. Rotherick and Samuel Reber have put down new board walks.

After running four weeks the puddling mill has shut down and the men paid off.

B. Lauth is preparing to start a steel shovel factory at the furnace.

Will Weber is in great demand as a gallant. His winning ways are the cause of it.

Mrs. Agnes Moore, mother of Howard Moore, left for her home in Missouli, Montana, on Tuesday last.

The forge run one day and a half last week then closed down for the want of coke.

Joe Furey paid a visit here on last Monday evening to say goodby to his sister, Mrs. Agnes Moore.

Wm. Thomas, forgeman, says he is going to move into the boarding house of the Bellefonte nail works.

B. Weber's is headquarters for transportation up Salt River. Balser is offering tickets to special friends at half price.

Joe Smith shot a wild turkey on last Monday that weighed seventeen pounds. It is the third one captured by him this fall.

Jacob R. Leathers, Ira Packer, W. E. Confer, Hayes Schneck and some others, it is said, cast a wistful eye on the post office as they pass it by.

The hunting party under the command of Blair Hopkins, which we mentioned last week as having captured a bear, returned last Saturday bringing with them two very nice deer. Anson Schneck shot one with his Winchester, and Hopkins captured the other one. The frame of the captured bear was a large one, but Bruin was so very poor that his flesh was not eatable.

Howard is considered one of the neatest towns in the county and its citizens take considerable pride in having good steeets and pleasant board walks. What is now needed is for the Council to place lamps on the street crossings. There is plenty of money in the borough treasury to do it with and nothing but old fogyism prevents the money, now lying idle, from being expended in such a beneficial way. Some of our most enterprising citizens have placed lamps at their places of business and dwellings and the balance of the streets can be lighted up at a trifling cost.

Robert Neff, of this place, the other evening, jumped from a freight train at Mill Hall and landed in Fishing Creek, mistaking the creek for the platform, and came very near being drowned before he was rescued. Rob. says that he will look before he jumps the next time.

—Get ready to gobble your gobbler.